

Workshop - Working with Multiple Subcases and Multi Discipline Optimization

AN MSC NASTRAN SOL 200 TUTORIAL

Optimization Problem Statement

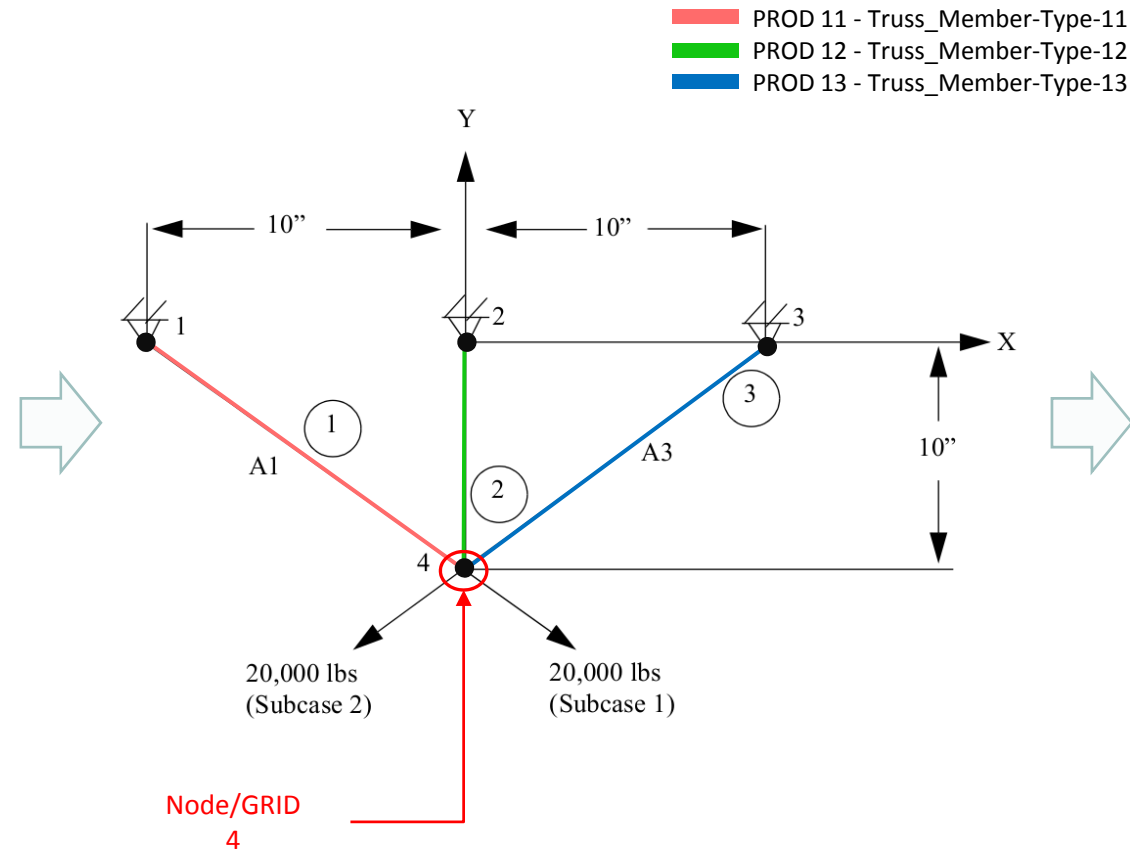
Design Variables

x1: A of PROD 11
x2: A of PROD 12
x3: A of PROD 13

$$.1 < x1, x2, x3 < 100.$$

Variable Link

$$x3 = x1$$



Design Objective

r0: Minimize weight

Design Constraints

r1: Axial stress of elements related to
PROD 11, 12, 13

$$-15000 < r1 < 20000$$

r2: x and y component of displacement for
node 4
























$$-.2 < r2 < .2$$

r3: natural frequency of mode 1
80 Hz < r3

Optimization Problem Statement

Subcase Assignment

This tutorial describes how to assign constraints across different subcases when the analysis types are different. This example deals with a multidiscipline optimization. Subcase 1 corresponds to a normal modes analysis. Subcases 2-20 correspond to statics subcases. Each subcase is assigned constraints.

Status	Label	Response Type	Analysis Type	Description	Global Constraints	SUBCASE 1	SUBCASE 2	SUBCASE 3	SUBCASE 4	SUBCASE 5	SUBCASE 6	SUBCASE 7	SUBCASE 8	SUBCASE 9	SU
	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>											
					Analysis Types →	Normal Modes	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Sta
		r1	DISP	STATICS	T1, T2 component(s) of displacement at grid 4										
		r2	STRESS	STATICS	Stress, item code 2, of elements associated with PROD 11, 12, 13										
		r3	FREQ	MODES	Natural frequency of mode 1										

Contact me

- Nastran SOL 200 training
- Nastran SOL 200 questions
- Structural or mechanical optimization questions
- Access to the SOL 200 Web App

christian@ the-engineering-lab.com

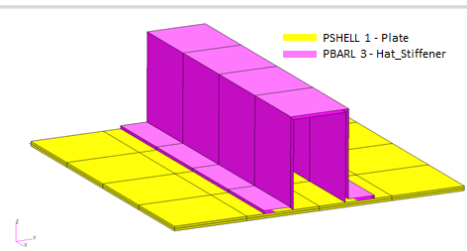
Tutorial

SOL 200 Web App Capabilities

Benefits

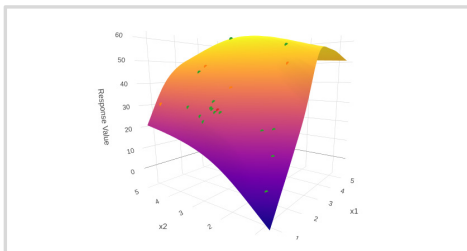
- 200+ error validations (real time)
- Web browser accessible
- Automated creation of entries (real time)
- Automatic post-processing
- 76 tutorials

Capabilities



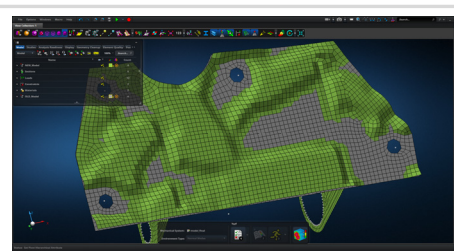
Web Apps for SOL 200

Pre/post for MSC Nastran SOL 200.
Support for size, topology, topometry, topography and multi-model.



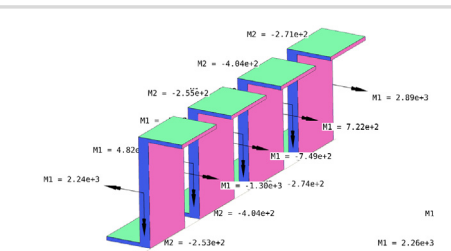
Machine Learning Web App

Bayesian Optimization for nonlinear response optimization (SOL 400)



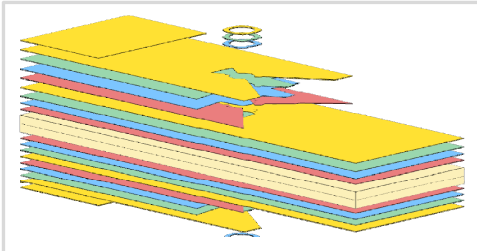
MSC Apex Post Processing Support

View the newly optimized model after an optimization



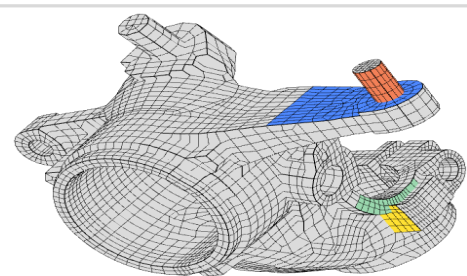
Beams Viewer Web App

Post process 1D element forces, including shear forces, moments, torque and axial forces



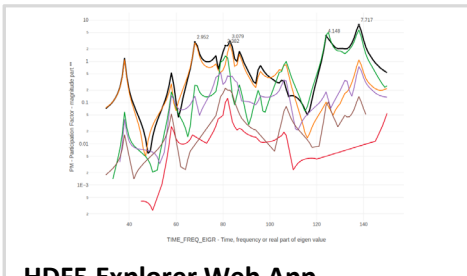
Ply Shape Optimization Web App

Spread plies optimally and generate new PCOMPG entries



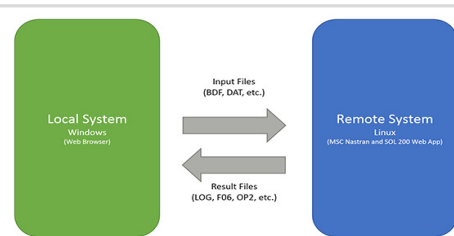
Shape Optimization Web App

Use a web application to configure and perform shape optimization.



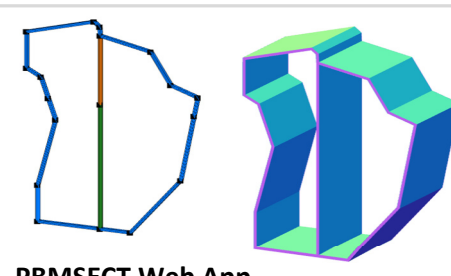
HDF5 Explorer Web App

Create XY plots using data from the H5 file



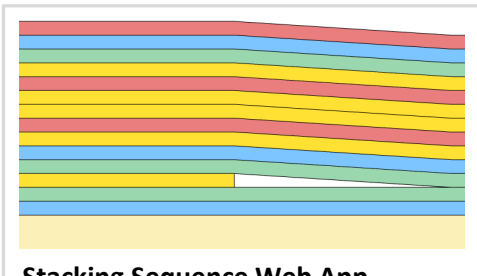
Remote Execution Web App

Run MSC Nastran jobs on remote Linux or Windows systems available on the local network



PBMSECT Web App

Generate PBMSECT and PBRSECT entries graphically



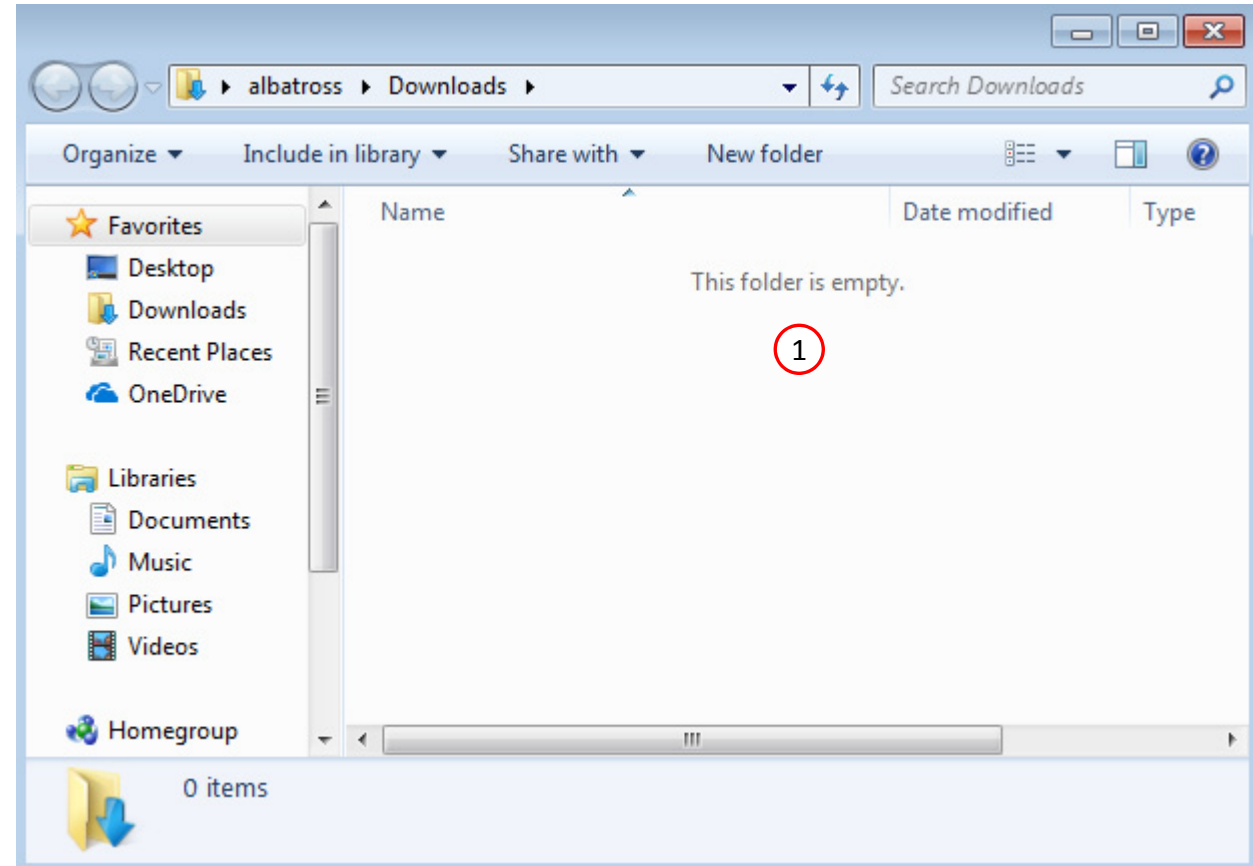
Stacking Sequence Web App

Optimize the stacking sequence of composite laminate plies

Before Starting

1. Ensure the Downloads directory is empty in order to prevent confusion with other files

- Throughout this workshop, you will be working with multiple file types and directories such as:
 - .bdf/.dat
 - nastran_working_directory
 - .f06, .log, .pch, .h5, etc.
- To minimize confusion with files and folders, it is encouraged to start with a clean directory.



Go to the User's Guide

1. Click on the indicated link

- The necessary BDF files for this tutorial are available in the Tutorials section of the User's Guide.

The screenshot displays the SOL 200 Web App interface. At the top, it says "SOL 200 Web App" and "Select a web app to begin". Below this, there are five main categories of web apps, each with a representative image and a label:

- Optimization for SOL 200**: Shows a 3D model of a mechanical part with "Before" and "After" states.
- Multi Model Optimization**: Shows a 3D model of a mechanical part with a graph of optimization results.
- Machine Learning | Parameter Study**: Shows four small plots representing different machine learning or parameter study results.
- HDF5 Explorer**: Shows a line graph with multiple data series.
- Remote Execution**: Shows a diagram of data flow between a "Remote System" and a "Local System", with "Input Files" and "Results Files" labels.

At the bottom center, there is a red-bordered button labeled "Tutorials and User's Guide" with a circled "1" next to it. Below this button, the text "Full list of web apps" is visible.

Obtain Starting Files

1. Find the indicated example
2. Click Link
3. The starting file has been downloaded

- When starting the procedure, all the necessary BDF files must be collected together.



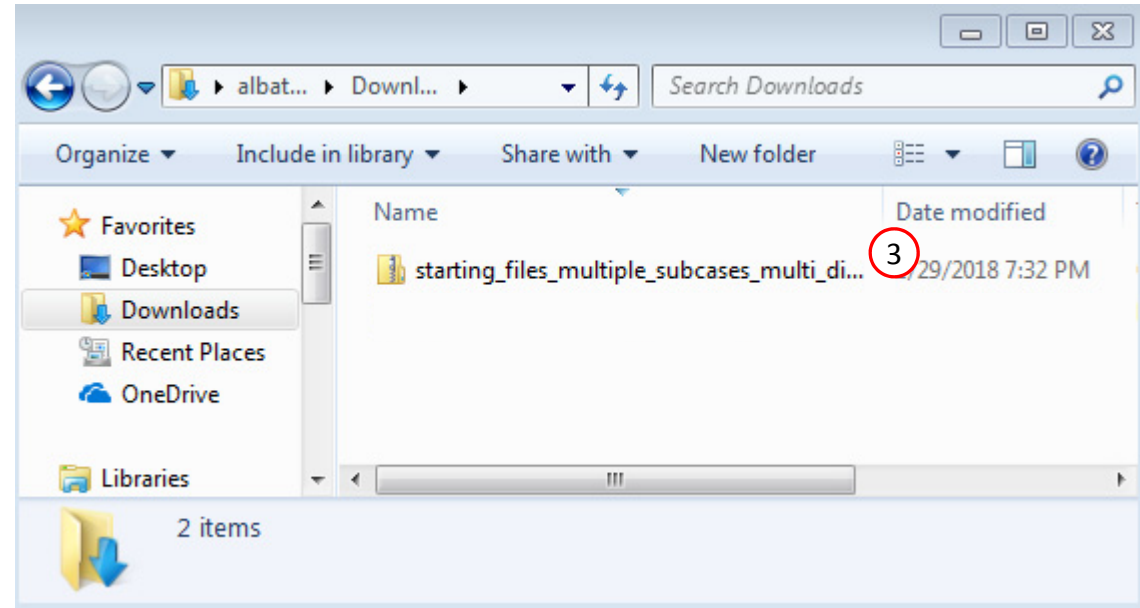
1 Optimization for Multiple Load Cases or SUBCASES

The web app makes simple configuring design constraints for dozens or hundreds of load cases. This tutorial guides you through the process.

Starting BDF Files: [Link](#)

Solution BDF Files: [Link](#)

Global Optimization



Open the Correct Page

1. Click on the indicated link

- MSC Nastran can perform many optimization types. The SOL 200 Web App includes dedicated web apps for the following:
 - Optimization for SOL 200 (Size, Topology, Topometry, Topography, Local Optimization, Sensitivity Analysis and Global Optimization)
 - Multi Model Optimization
 - Machine Learning
- The web app also features the HDF5 Explorer, a web application to extract results from the H5 file type.

SOL 200 Web App

Select a web app to begin

Optimization for SOL 200

Multi Model Optimization

Machine Learning | Parameter Study

HDF5 Explorer

Remote Execution

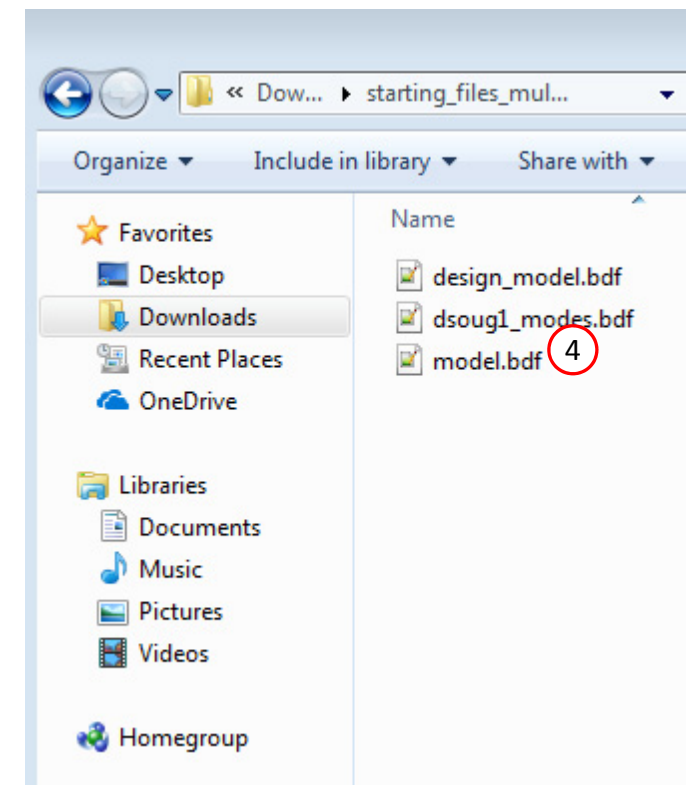
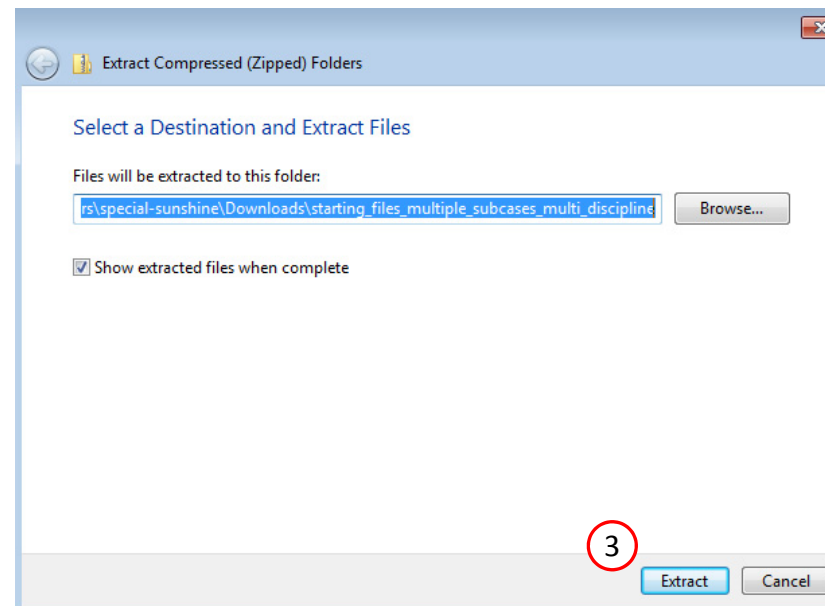
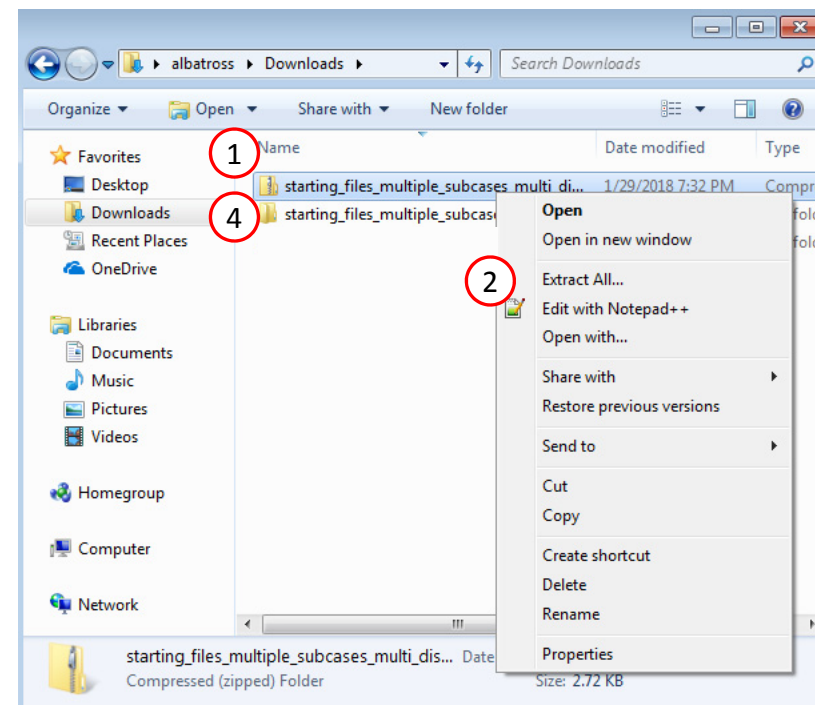
Tutorials and User's Guide

Full list of web apps

Obtain Starting Files

1. Right click on the zip file
2. Select Extract All...
3. Click Extract
4. The starting files are now available in a folder

- This example is using a previously created design model. The design model is a model that has been converted to SOL 200 and contains bulk data entries describing the optimization problem statement, e.g. variables, objective and constraints.



Merge the BDF files

Two sets of bulk data files (BDF) have been provided.

- Set 1: model.bdf and design_model.bdf
- Set 2: dsoug1_modes.bdf

The Set 1 files are configured to perform only a static analysis optimization and contains 19 load cases. The Set 2 file is the same Finite Element Model, but configured to perform an eigenvalue or normal modes analysis. The procedure below merges information from Set 2 to Set 1. Afterwards, the files of Set 1 can be modified to perform both a static and normal modes analysis for 20 subcases.

1. Open *dsoug1_modes.bdf*. Take SUBCASE 1 and move it to *model.bdf*.
2. Take the line with EIGRL at the beginning and move it to *model.bdf*
3. Save *model.bdf*

- There are 2 methods to perform multidisciplinary optimization:
 - Method 1 - Merge the necessary bulk data files and use ANALYSIS in each SUBCASE, e.g. ANALYSIS=STATICS, ANALYSIS=MODES. This method is used for this tutorial.
 - Method 2 – Use the Multi Model Optimization capability. This does not require that manual merging of files as shown on this page.

```
1 assign userfile = 'optimization_results.csv', status = new,
2 form = formatted, unit = 52
3 $ 1__|2__|3__|4__|5__|6__|7__|8__|9__|10__|
4 ID MSC_DSOUG1 $ v2004 ehj 25-Jun-2003
5 TIME 10 $
6 SOL 200
7 CEND
8
9
10 TITLE = SYMMETRIC THREE BAR TRUSS DESIGN OPTIMIZATION - DSOUG1
11 SUBTITLE = BASELINE - 2 CROSS SECTIONAL AREAS AS DESIGN VARIABLES
12 $ Result Output
13 ECHO = SORT
14 SPC = 100
15 DISPLACEMENT(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
16 SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
17 STRESS(SORT1,REAL,VONMISES,BILIN)=ALL
18 $ Subcases
19 $ DSAPRT(FORMATTED, EXPORT, END=SENS) = ALL
20 ANALYSIS = STATICS
21 DESOBJ(MIN) = 8000000
22 DESSUB = 40000004
23 $ DESSUB Size
24 SUBCASE 1
25 SUBTITLE=Modes Analysis
26 METHOD = 1
27 SPC = 100
28 VECTOR(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
29 SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
30 SUBCASE 2
31 $ DESSUB Slot
32 $ ANALYSIS Slot
33 $ DRSPAN Slot
34 SUBTITLE=Static Analysis 1
```

```
1 $ MSC.Nastran input file created on November 02, 2017 at 15:0
2 $ Patran 2017.0.2
3 $ Direct Text Input for Nastran System Cell Section
4 $ Direct Text Input for File Management Section
5 $ Direct Text Input for Executive Control
6 $ Normal Modes Analysis, Database
7 SOL 103
8 CEND
9 $ Direct Text Input for Global Case Control Data
10 TITLE = SYMMETRIC THREE BAR TRUSS DESIGN OPTIMIZATION -
11 ECHO = NONE
12 $ Result Output
13 SUBCASE 1
14 SUBTITLE=Modes Analysis
15 METHOD = 1
16 SPC = 100
17 VECTOR(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
18 SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
19 $ Direct Text Input for this Subcase
20 BEGIN BULK
21 $ Direct Text Input for Bulk Data
22 PARAM POST 0
23 PARAM PRTMAXIM YES 3 0
24 EIGRL 1 11 1 4
25 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.11
26 PROD 11 1 1.
27 $ Pset: "prod.11" will be imported as: "prod.11"
28 CROD 1 11 1 4
29 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.12
30 PROD 12 1 2.
31 $ Pset: "prod.12" will be imported as: "prod.12"
32 CROD 2 12 2 4
33 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.13
34 PROD 13 1 1.
```

```
163 BEGIN BULK
164
165 INCLUDE './design_model.bdf'
166
167 param, post, 0
168 PARAM PRTMAXIM YES
169 EIGRL 1 11 1 4 MASS
170
171 $-----
172 $ ANALYSIS MODEL
173 $-----
174
175 $ GRID DATA
176 $ 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
177 GRID 1 -10.0 0.0 0.0
178 GRID 2 0.0 0.0 0.0
179 GRID 3 10.0 0.0 0.0
180 GRID 4 0.0 -10.0 0.0
181
182 $ SUPPORT DATA
183 SPC1 100 123456 1 THRU 3
184
185 $ ELEMENT DATA
186 CROD 1 11 1 4
187 CROD 2 12 2 4
188 CROD 3 13 3 4
189
190 $ PROPERTY DATA
191 PROD 11 1 1.0
192 PROD 12 1 2.0
193 PROD 13 1 1.0
194
195 $ MATERIAL DATA
196 MAT1 1 1.0E+7 0.33 0.1
197
198 $ EXTERNAL LOADS DATA
199 FORCE 300 4 20000. 0.8 -0.6
200 FORCE 310 4 20000. -0.8 -0.6
201 ENDDATA
```

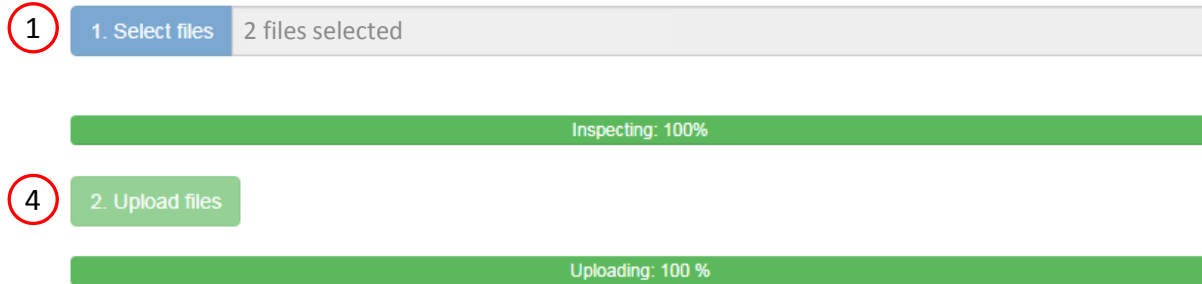
```
20 BEGIN BULK
21 $ Direct Text Input for Bulk Data
22 PARAM POST 0
23 PARAM PRTMAXIM YES 3 0
24 EIGRL 1 11 1 4
25 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.11
26 PROD 11 1 1.
27 $ Pset: "prod.11" will be imported as: "prod.11"
28 CROD 1 11 1 4
29 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.12
30 PROD 12 1 2.
31 $ Pset: "prod.12" will be imported as: "prod.12"
32 CROD 2 12 2 4
33 $ Elements and Element Properties for region : prod.13
34 PROD 13 1 1.
35 $ Pset: "prod.13" will be imported as: "prod.13"
36 CROD 3 13 3 4
37
38 $ Referenced Material Records
39 $ Material Record : mat1.1
40 $ Description of Material :
41 MAT1 1 1.+7 3.7594+6.33 .1
42
43 $ Nodes of the Entire Model
44 GRID 1 -10. 0. 0.
45 GRID 2 0. 0. 0.
46 GRID 3 10. 0. 0.
47 GRID 4 0. -10. 0.
48
49 $ Loads for Load Case : Default
50 SPCADD 2 100
51 $ Displacement Constraints of Load Set : spc1.100
52 SPC1 100 123456 1 2 3
53 $ Referenced Coordinate Frames
54 ENDDATA 202082fa
```

Upload BDF Files

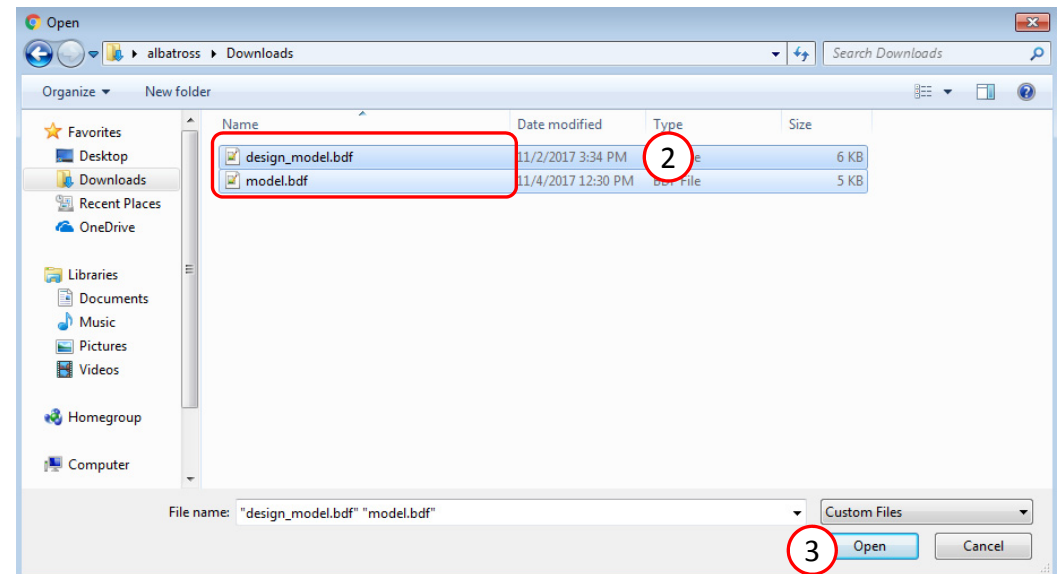
1. Click 1. Select Files
2. Select these two files:
 - model.bdf
 - design_model.bdf
3. Click Open
4. Click Upload Files

- The process starts by uploading all the necessary BDF files. The BDF files can be files of your own or files found in the Tutorials section of the User's Guide.

Step 1 - Upload .BDF Files



☐ List of Selected Files



Create Design Constraints

1. Click Constraints
2. Set the analysis type to Normal Modes
3. Click the plus (+) icon for Frequency
4. Configure the following for constraint r1
 1. ATTA: 1 (mode 1)
 2. Lower Allowed Limit: 80. (80. Hz)

- Part of the design model has already been created. The variables, objective and constraints for a statics optimization have been configured. On this page, a new constraint for the 1st natural frequency is created. The goal is to perform both a statics and modes optimization.

Step 1 - Select constraints

Select an analysis type

2

SOL 103 - Normal Modes

Select a response

	Response Description ▾	Response Type ▾
	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>
	Weight	WEIGHT
	Volume	VOLUME
	Eigenvalue	EIGN
3	Frequency	FREQ
	Displacement	DISP

« 1 2 3 »

5 10 20 30 40 50

Step 2 - Adjust constraints

+ Options

	Label ▾	Status ▾	Response Type ▾	Property Type ▾	ATTA ▾	ATTB ▾	ATTi ▾	Lower Allowed Limit	Upper Allowed Limit
	<input type="text" value="St"/>	<input type="text" value="Seal"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>
	r1		DISP		12 - T1, T2 ▾		4	-2	.2
	r2		STRESS	PROD ▾	2 - Axial stress ▾		11, 12, 13	-15000.	20000.
	r3		FREQ	STRUC ▾	1 4.1		4.2	80.	Upper

5 10 20 30 40 50

Export New BDF Files

1. Click on Exporter
2. Note that a cautionary message is presented.
3. Click Jump To Table

- The natural frequency constraint was just created, but a message appears indicating that the constraint was not assigned to a SUBCASE.

SOL 200 Web App - Optimization

Upload Variables Objective Constraints Subcases **Exporter** Results

Settings Match Other User's Guide Home

BDF Output - Model

```

assign userfile = 'optimization_results.csv', status = unknown,
form = formatted, unit = 52
$_1_||_2_||_3_||_4_||_5_||_6_||_7_||_8_||_9_||_10_
ID HSC DSOUG1 $ v2004 ehj 25-Jun-2003
TIME 10 $
SOL 200
CEND

TITLE = SYMMETRIC THREE BAR TRUSS DESIGN OPTIMIZATION - DSOUG1
SUBTITLE = BASELINE - 2 CROSS SECTIONAL AREAS AS DESIGN VARIABLES
$ Result Output
ECHO = NONE
SPC = 100
DISPLACEMENT(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
STRESS(SORT1,REAL,VONMISES,BILIN)=ALL
$ Subcases
  DESOBJ(MIN) = 0000000
  $ DESGLB Slot
  $ DSAPRT(FORMATTED, EXPORT, END=SENS) = ALL
SUBCASE 1
  ANALYSIS = MODES
  $ DESSUB Slot
  $ DRSPAN Slot
  SUBTITLE=Nodes Analysis
  METHOD = 1
  SPC = 100
  VECTOR(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
  SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
SUBCASE 2

```

BDF Output - Design Model

```

$*****
$*
$*          Design Model
$*
$*****
$
$          Design Variables - Type 1
$-----
$
$
$
DVPREL1 1000001 PROD 11 A
          100001 1.0
DVPREL1 1000002 PROD 12 A
          100002 1.0
DVPREL1 1000003 PROD 13 A
          100003 1.0
$
$
DESVAR 100001 X1 1.0 .001 100.
DESVAR 100002 X2 2.0 .001 100.
DESVAR 100003 X3 1.0 .001 100.
$
$
$
DLINK 1 100003 100001 1.0
$
$          Design Variables - Type 2
$-----
$
$
$
$
$          Design Objective
$-----
$
$
DRESP1 0000000 r0 WEIGHT 3 3
$

```

Download BDF Files

Download BDF Files

1

Caution! Not all constraints have been assigned to a subcase. Check the Status column of the following tables.

Correct: ✔ Incorrect: ⚠



Constraints Jump to table Step 1 - Assign constraints to subcases

Developed by The Engineering Lab

3

Assign Constraints to Load Cases (SUBCASES)

1. Click Subcases
2. Select each option in the select box (Hold down the Shift key on the keyboard and use the mouse to select multiple options)
3. Click the Right Arrow to expand the width of the table
4. Note that the r3 constraint for natural frequency has a yellow status icon, indicating that the constraint is not assigned to any subcases
5. Change the analysis type of column SUBCASE 1 to Normal Modes
6. Mark the checkbox

- A change from a yellow to blue status ( => ) means the constraint is assigned to at least one column
- r3 or the natural frequency constraint is applied to SUBCASE 1

SOL 200 Web App - Optimization Upload Variables Objective Constraints **Subcases** Exporter Results Settings Match Other User's Guide Home




Step 1 - Assign constraints to subcases

Display Columns

SUBCASE 15
SUBCASE 16
SUBCASE 17
SUBCASE 18
SUBCASE 19
SUBCASE 20

Uncheck visible boxes Check visible boxes

+ Options

Status	Label	Response Type	Analysis Type	Description	Global Constraints	SUBCASE 1	SUBCASE 2	SUBCASE 3	SUBCASE 4	SUBCASE 5	SUBCASE 6	SUBCASE 7	SUBCASE 8	SUBCASE 9	SUBCASE 10
	Search	Search	Search	Search											
					Analysis Types	Normal Modes	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics
	r3	FREQ	MODES	Natural frequency of mode 1		<input type="checkbox"/>									
	r1	DISP	STATICS	T1, T2 component(s) of displacement at grid 4			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	r2	STRESS	STATICS	Stress, item code 2, of elements associated with PROD 11, 12, 13			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

5 10 20 30 40 50

1. Click on Exporter
2. Click the Left Arrow to expand the width of the section BDF Output – Design Model
3. Click on Download BDF Files

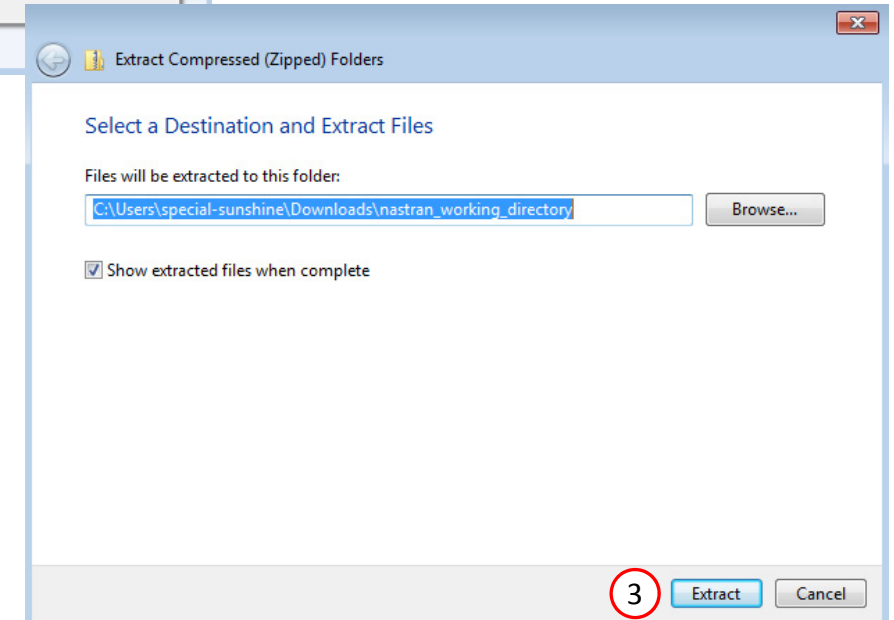
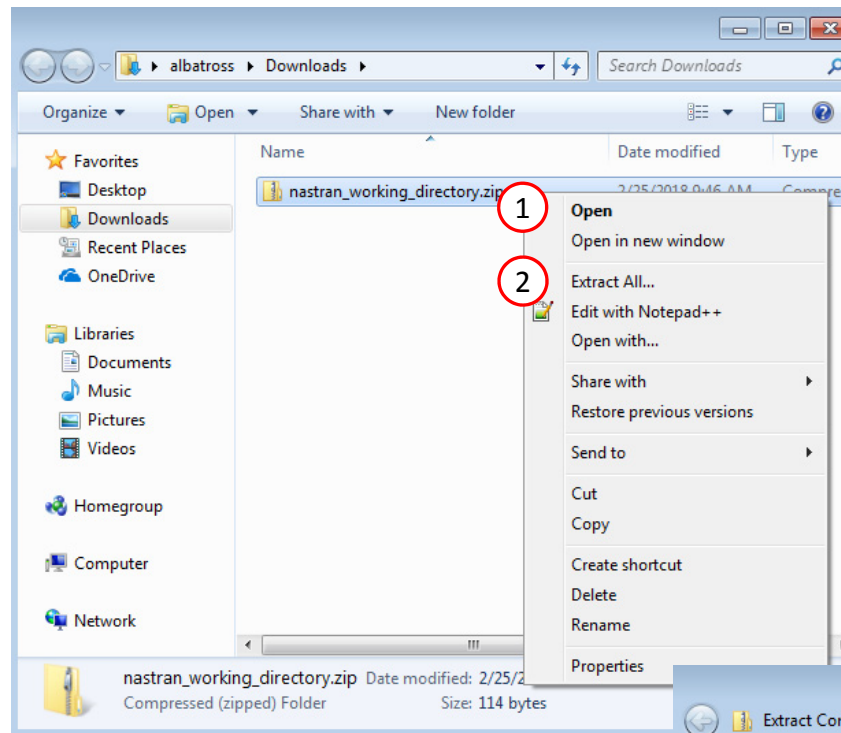
1. Click on Exporter
 2. Click the Left Arrow to expand the width of the section BDF Output – Design Model
 3. Click on Download BDF Files
- When the download button is clicked a new file named “nastran_working_directory” is downloaded. If the file already exists in your local folder, the folder name is appended with a number, e.g. “nastran_working_directory (1).zip”

Questions? Email: christian@the-engineering-lab.com

Perform the Optimization with Nastran SOL 200

1. A new .zip file has been downloaded
2. Right click on the file
3. Click Extract All
4. Click Extract on the following window

- Always extract the contents of the ZIP file to a new, empty folder.



Perform the Optimization with Nastran SOL 200

1. Inside of the new folder, double click on Start MSC Nastran
2. Click Open, Run or Allow Access on any subsequent windows
3. MSC Nastran will now start

- After a successful optimization, the results will be automatically displayed as long as the following files are present: BDF, F06 and LOG.
- One can run the Nastran job on a remote machine as follows:
 - 1) Copy the BDF files and the INCLUDE files to a remote machine.
 - 2) Run the MSC Nastran job on the remote machine.
 - 3) After completion, copy the BDF, F06, LOG, H5 files to the local machine.
 - 4) Click "Start MSC Nastran" to display the results.

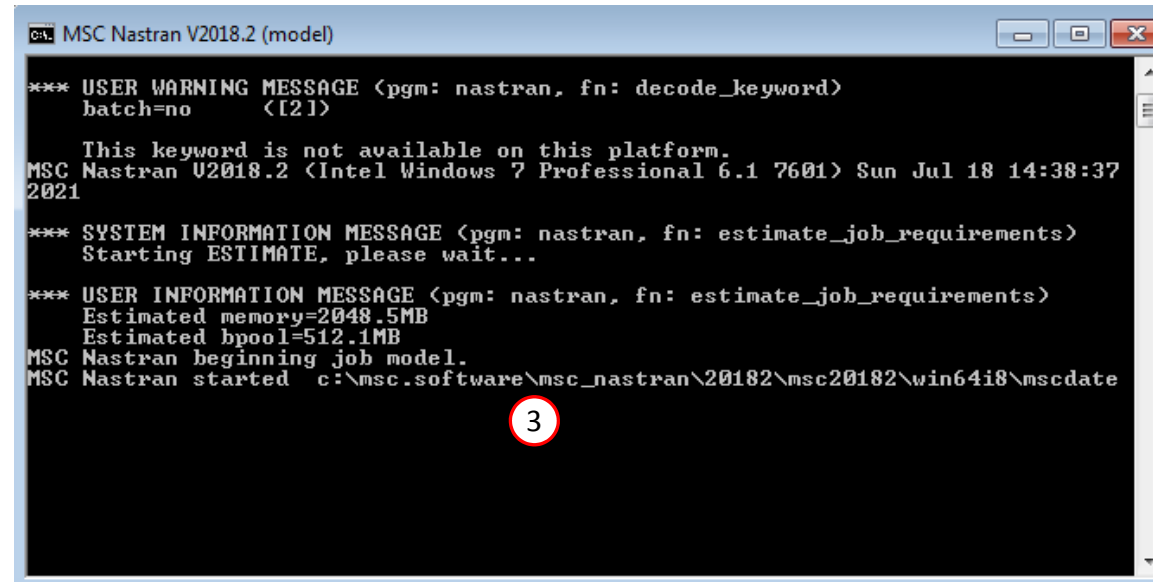
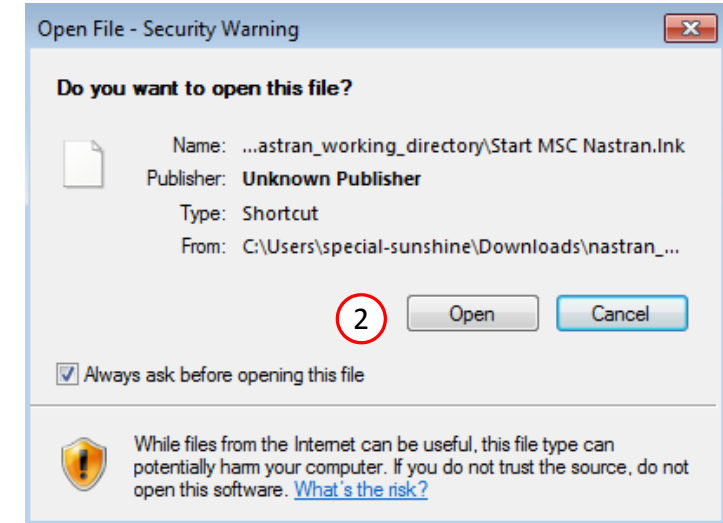
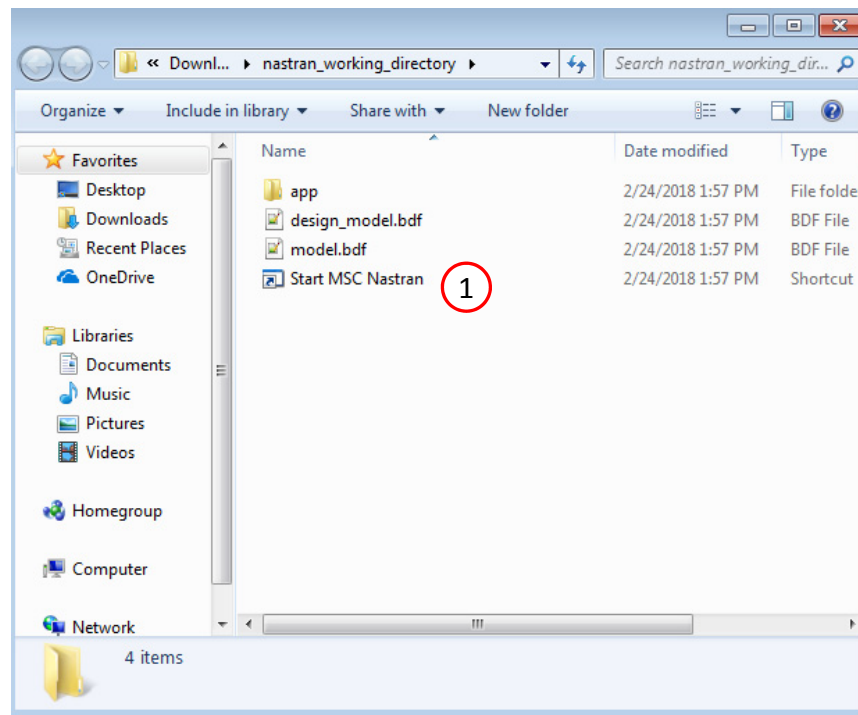
Using Linux?

Follow these instructions:

- 1) Open Terminal
- 2) Navigate to the nastran_working_directory
`cd ./nastran_working_directory`
- 3) Use this command to start the process
`./Start_MSC_Nastran.sh`

In some instances, execute permission must be granted to the directory. Use this command. This command assumes you are one folder level up.

```
sudo chmod -R u+x ./nastran_working_directory
```



Status

1. While MSC Nastran is running, a status page will show the current state of MSC Nastran

- The status of the MSC Nastran job is reported on the Status page. Note that Windows 7 users will experience a delay in the status updates. All other users of Windows 10 and Red Hat Linux will see immediate status updates.

SOL 200 Web App - Status

 Python

 MSC Nastran

Status

Name	Status of Job	Design Cycle	RUN TERMINATED DUE TO
model.bdf	Running	None	

Review Optimization Results

After MSC Nastran is finished, the results will be automatically uploaded.

1. Ensure the messages shown have green checkmarks. This is indication of success. Any red icons indicate challenges.
2. The final value of objective, normalized constraints (not shown) and design variables can be reviewed.

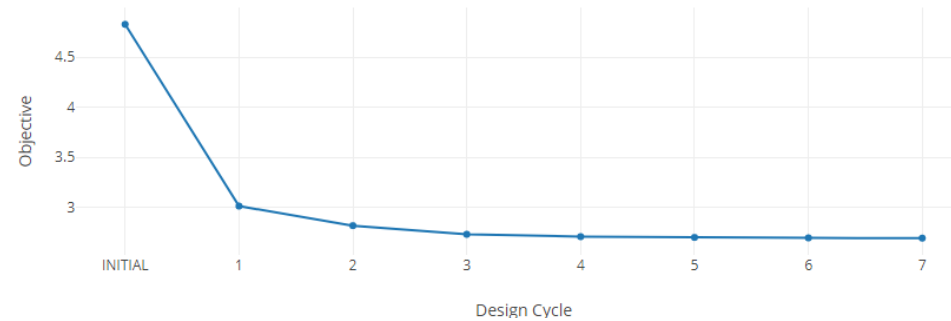
- The results shown are the outcome of a multidisciplinary optimization for both statics and modes.

Final Message in .f06

1

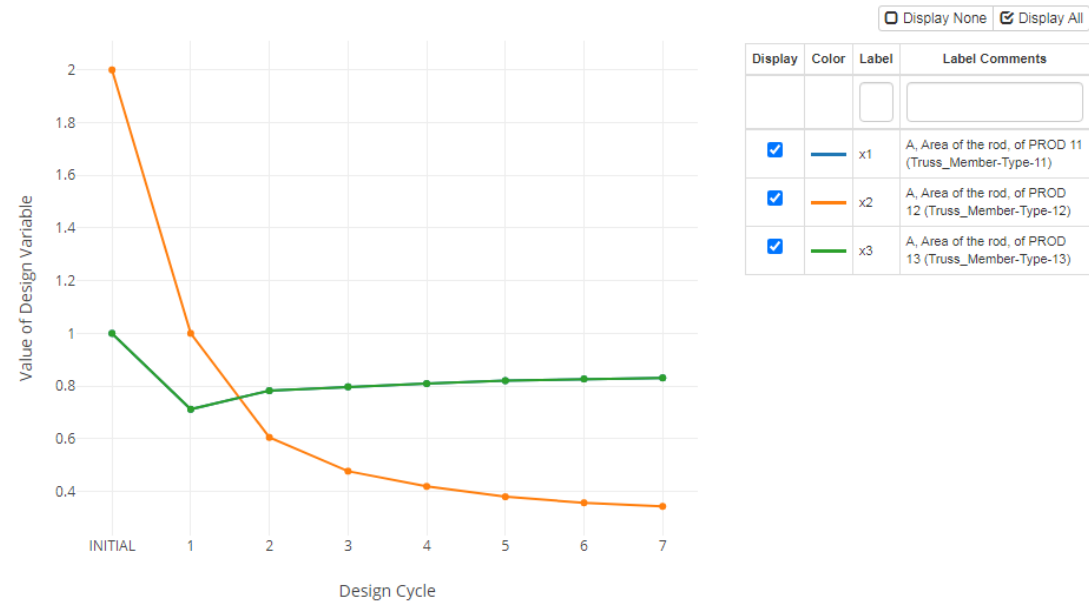
✓ RUN TERMINATED DUE TO HARD CONVERGENCE TO AN OPTIMUM AT CYCLE NUMBER = 7.

Objective



2

Design Variables



Extra Information

1. Hold down the SHIFT key on the keyboard and hover the mouse cursor over checkboxes to mark multiple checkboxes without mouse clicking frequently

1. Hold down the SHIFT key on the keyboard and hover the mouse cursor over checkboxes to mark multiple checkboxes without mouse clicking frequently

BDF Output - Design Model

```
$
$
$
DCONNADO 400000001
DCONNADO 400000002
DCONNADO 400000004
```


Assign Constraints to Load Cases (SUBCASES)

1. If you click Uncheck visible boxes, every visible checkbox will be unmarked

SOL 200 Web App - Optimization Upload Variables Objective Constraints **Subcases** Exporter Results Settings Match Other User's Guide Home

Step 1 - Assign constraints to subcases

Display Columns

Global Constraints
SUBCASE 1
SUBCASE 2
SUBCASE 3
SUBCASE 4
SUBCASE 5
SUBCASE 6

☐ Uncheck visible boxes ☒ Check visible boxes

1

Status	Label	Response Type	Analysis Type	Description	Global Constraints	SUBCASE 1	SUBCASE 2	SUBCASE 3	SUBCASE 4	SUBCASE 5	SUBCASE 6	SUBCASE 7	SUBCASE 8	SUBCASE 9	SU
	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>											
					Analysis Types →	Normal Modes	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Sta
	r1	DISP	STATICS	T1, T2 component(s) of displacement at grid 4		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	r2	STRESS	STATICS	Stress, item code 2, of elements associated with PROD 11, 12, 13		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	r3	FREQ	MODES	Natural frequency of mode 1		<input type="checkbox"/>									

5 10 20 30 40 50

BDF
Output -
Design
Model

\$
\$
\$
\$

1. If you click Check visible boxes, every visible checkbox will be marked

3DF
Output -
Design
Model

Assign Constraints to Load Cases (SUBCASES)

1. Click the indicated icon and the SUBCASEs in which the constraint has been assigned will be displayed.

In this example, the columns for SUBCASE 2, 5 and 6 have been displayed because the r1 constraint has been assigned to these SUBCASESs

Step 1 - Assign constraints to subcases

Display Columns

Global Constraints

SUBCASE 1

SUBCASE 2

SUBCASE 3

SUBCASE 4

SUBCASE 5

SUBCASE 6

☐ Uncheck visible boxes☒ Check visible boxes

+ Options

Status	Label	Response Type	Analysis Type	Description	SUBCASE 2	SUBCASE 5	SUBCASE 6
	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>	<input type="text" value="Search"/>			
					Statics	Statics	Statics
1	r1	DISP	STATICS	T1, T2 component(s) of displacement at grid 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	r2	STRESS	STATICS	Stress, item code 2, of elements associated with PROD 11, 12, 13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	r3	FREQ	MODES	Natural frequency of mode 1			

Assign Constraints to Load Cases (SUBCASES)

1. The Analysis Type bar will be shown automatically if constraints of different analysis types are created
2. Alternatively, the Analysis Type bar can be manually turned on by clicking *+Options* , then mark the checkbox for Use Multidisciplinary (MD) Optimization
3. The analysis type for each SUBCASE can be manually changed

SOL 200 Web App - Optimization Upload Variables Objective Constraints **Subcases** Exporter Results Settings Match Other User's Guide Home

Step 1 - Assign constraints to subcases

Display Columns

SUBCASE 15
SUBCASE 16
SUBCASE 17
SUBCASE 18
SUBCASE 19
SUBCASE 20

Uncheck visible boxes Check visible boxes

+ Options **2**

☒ Use Multidisciplinary (MD) Optimization

Status	Label	Response Type	Analysis Type	Description	Global Constraints	SUBCASE 1	SUBCASE 2	SUBCASE 3	SUBCASE 4	SUBCASE 5	SUBCASE 6	SUBCASE 7	SUBCASE 8	SUBCASE 9	SU
	Search	Search	Search	Search											
					1	Analysis Types →	Normal Modes	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Statics	Sta
		r1	DISP	STATICS											
		r2	STRESS	STATICS											
		r3	FREQ	Modes											

Statics
Normal Modes
Buckling
Direct Complex Eigenvalues
Direct Frequency Response
Modal Complex Eigenvalues
Modal Frequency Response
Modal Transient Response
Static Aeroelastic Response
Aerodynamic Flutter

5 10 20 30 40 50

☐ Step A - Optional - Assign objective to subcase

BDF
Output -
Design
Model

\$
\$
\$
DCONADO 40000001 3
DCONADO 40000002 3

End of Tutorial