Workshop - MSC Nastran Topometry Optimization of a Cantilever Plate

AN MSC NASTRAN SOL 200 TUTORIAL



Goal: Use Nastran SOL 200 Optimization

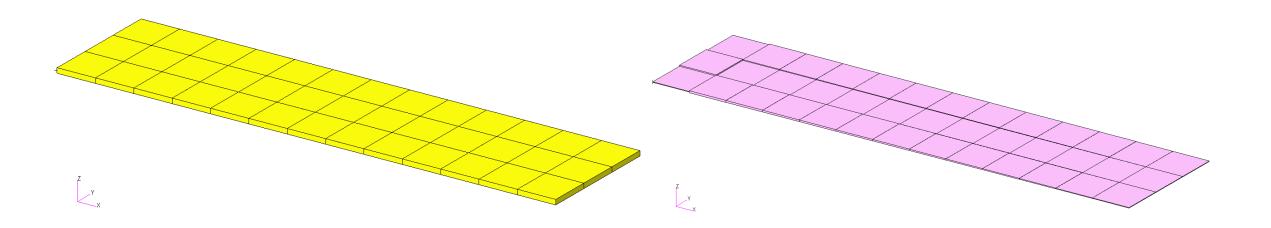
Before Optimization

Mass: 19.5 kg

After Optimization

Mass: 3.97 kg

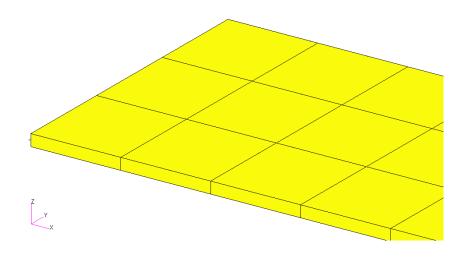
Vary the thickness of each element



Goal: Use Nastran SOL 200 Optimization

Before Optimization

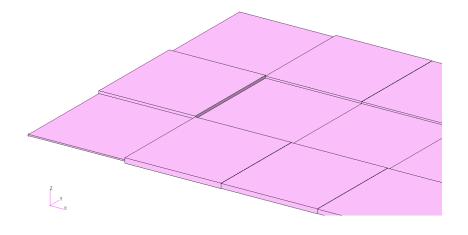
Mass: 19.5 kg



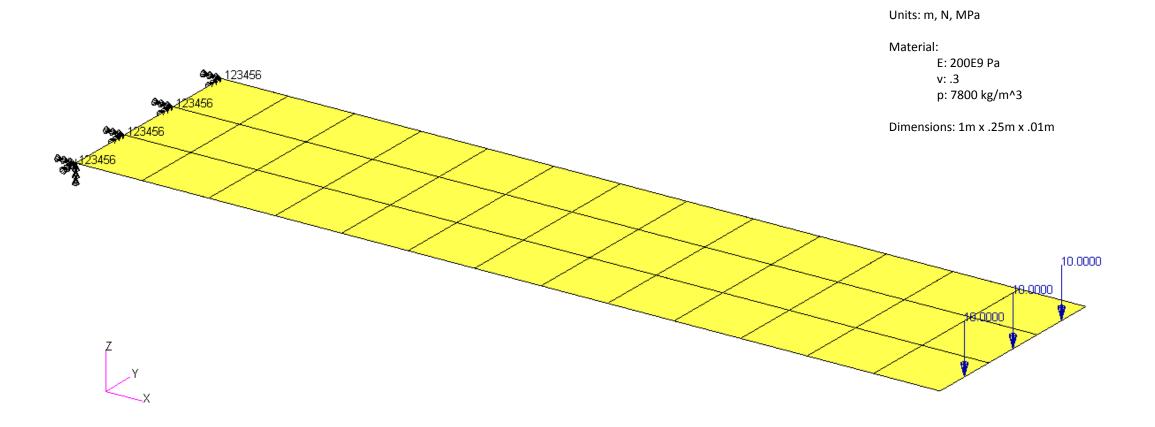
After Optimization

Mass: 3.97 kg

Vary the thickness of each element



Details of the structural model

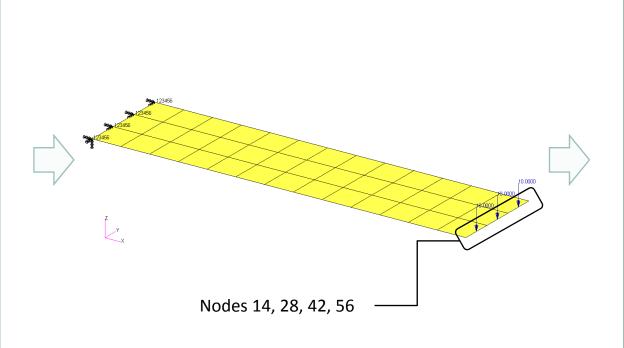


Optimization Problem Statement

Design Region/Variables

z1: Thickness (T) of PSHELL 1

.001 < z1



Design Objective

r0: Minimize weight

PSHELL 1 - Plate

Design Constraints

r1: von Mises stress of PSHELL 1

r1 < 250E6

r2: Z Displacement of nodes 14, 28, 42, 56 (GRID IDs: 14, 28, 42, 56)

-.01 < r2

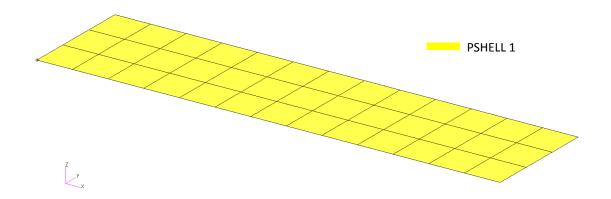


Difference Between Size and Topometry Optimization

Size Optimization

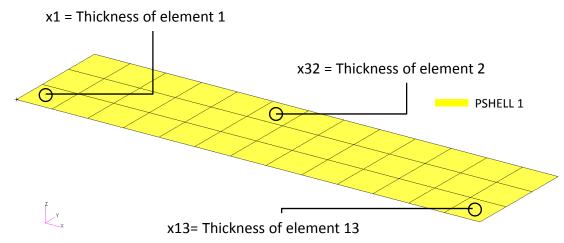
- 1. Select the parameter to optimize
- 2. One design variable (x1) is created and applies to all the elements

x1 = Thickness of every element related to PSHELL 1



Topometry Optimization

- 1. Select the parameter and design region
- In the background, one design variable is automatically created for each element=> Element-by-element optimization





Contact me

- Nastran SOL 200 training
- Nastran SOL 200 questions
- Structural or mechanical optimization questions
- Access to the SOL 200 Web App

christian@ the-engineering-lab.com

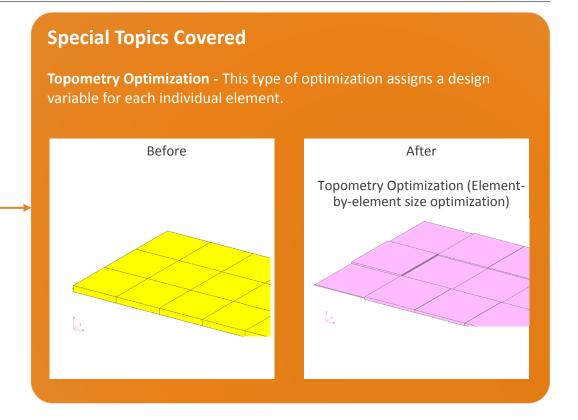


Tutorial



Tutorial Overview

- 1. Start with a .bdf or .dat file
- 2. Use the SOL 200 Web App to:
 - Convert the .bdf file to SOL 200
 - Design Regions/Variables
 - Design Objective
 - Design Constraints
 - Perform optimization with Nastran SOL 200
- 3. Review optimization results
 - .f06
 - Topometry Optimization and Structural Results





SOL 200 Web App Capabilities

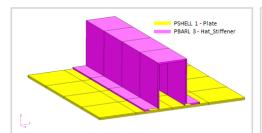
Benefits

- 200+ error validations (real time)
- Web browser accessible

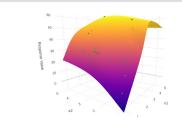
- Automated creation of entries (real time)
- Automatic post-processing

76 tutorials

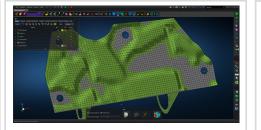
Capabilities



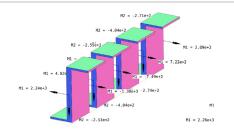
Web Apps for SOL 200 Pre/post for MSC Nastran SOL 200. Support for size, topology, topometry, topography and multi-model.



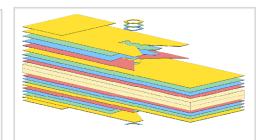
Machine Learning Web App
Bayesian Optimization for nonlinear
response optimization (SOL 400)



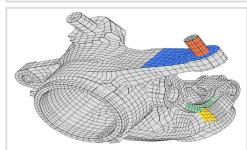
MSC Apex Post Processing Support View the newly optimized model after an optimization



Beams Viewer Web App
Post process 1D element forces,
including shear forces, moments,
torque and axial forces



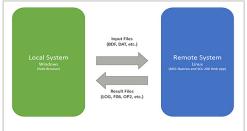
Ply Shape Optimization Web App Spread plies optimally and generate new PCOMPG entries



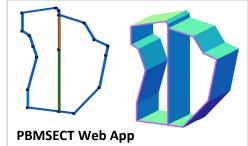
Shape Optimization Web AppUse a web application to configure and perform shape optimization.



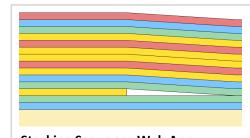
HDF5 Explorer Web App Create XY plots using data from the H5 file



Remote Execution Web App
Run MSC Nastran jobs on remote
Linux or Windows systems available
on the local network



Generate PBMSECT and PBRSECT entries graphically



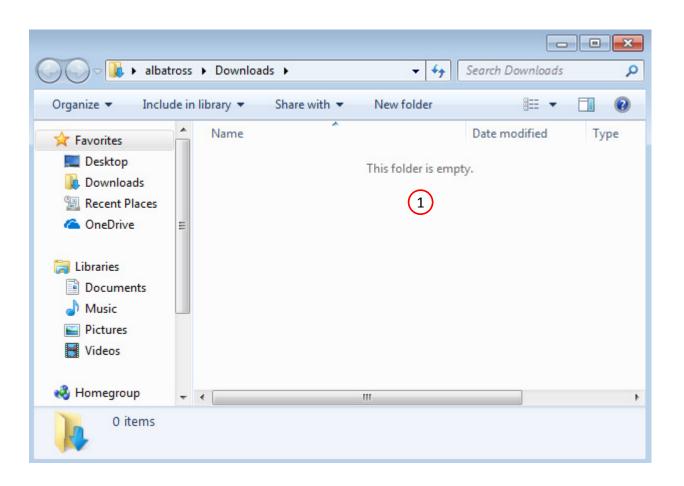
Stacking Sequence Web AppOptimize the stacking sequence of composite laminate plies



Before Starting

 Ensure the Downloads directory is empty in order to prevent confusion with other files

- Throughout this workshop, you will be working with multiple file types and directories such as:
 - .bdf/.dat
 - nastran_working_directory
 - .f06, .log, .pch, .h5, etc.
- To minimize confusion with files and folders, it is encouraged to start with a clean directory.





Go to the User's Guide

1. Click on the indicated link

• The necessary BDF files for this tutorial are available in the Tutorials section of the User's Guide.

The Engineering Lab

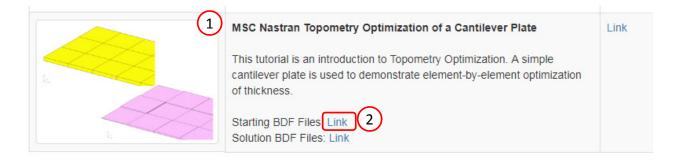




Obtain Starting Files

- 1. Find the indicated example
- 2. Click Link
- 3. The starting file has been downloaded

 When starting the procedure, all the necessary BDF files must be collected together.





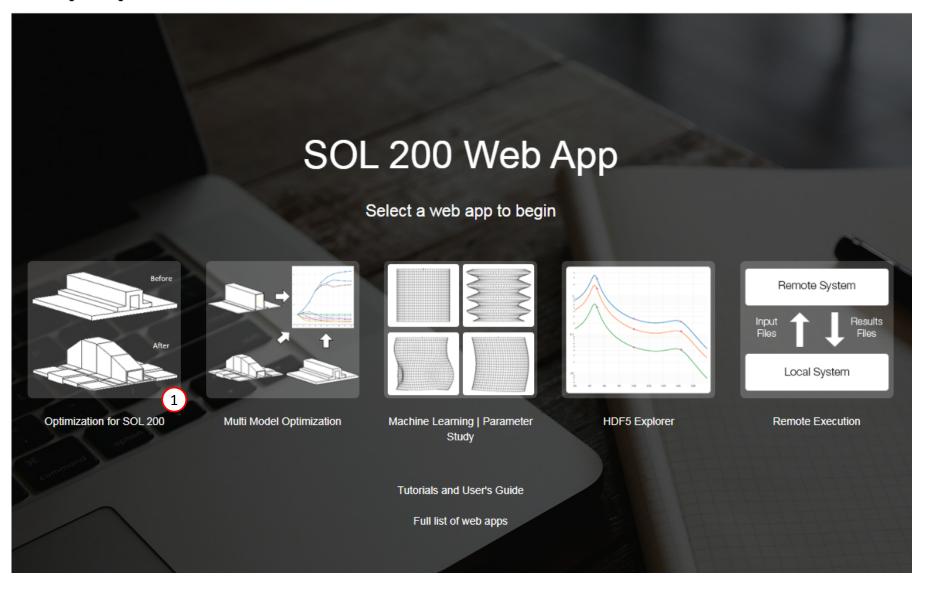


Open the Correct Page

1. Click on the indicated link

- MSC Nastran can perform many optimization types. The SOL 200 Web App includes dedicated web apps for the following:
 - Optimization for SOL 200 (Size, Topology, Topometry, Topography, Local Optimization, Sensitivity Analysis and Global Optimization)
 - Multi Model Optimization
 - Machine Learning
- The web app also features the HDF5 Explorer, a web application to extract results from the H5 file type.

The Engineering Lab



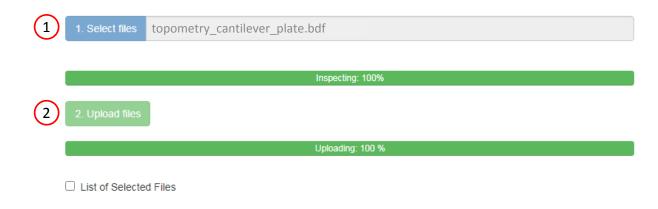


Step 1 - Upload .BDF Files

Upload BDF Files

- Click 1. Select Files and select topometry_cantilever_plate.bdf
- 2. Click Upload Files

 The process starts by uploading all the necessary BDF files. The BDF files can be files of your own or files found in the Tutorials section of the User's Guide.





Create Design Region

- 1. Click Topometry
- 2. Click on the plus (+) icon to set the thickness (T) of PSHELL 1 as a Design Region
- 3. The new Design Region is added to the table, no further edit is necessary
- Suppose the goal is to vary the thickness. In traditional Size optimization, the thickness can be a set a single design variable. With Topometry optimization, when the design region is set, each element in the region is given its own independent thickness design variable.
- If PSHELL 1 has 500 elements associated and is configured as a design region, then there will be 500 design variables created.
- Each step has hidden functionality for advanced users. The visibility is controlled by clicking +Options.
- If the property entry, e.g. PSHELL, was given a name in Patran, e.g. Car Door, the name can be shown by marking the checkbox titled Entry Name.



Step 1 - Select design properties

+ Options

Create TOMVAR	Property	Property Description \$	Entry \$	Entry ID \$	Current Value \$
	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search
2	Т	Thickness	PSHELL	1	.01
+	E	Young's modulus	MAT1	1	2.+11
+	NU	Poisson's ratio	MAT1	1	.3
•	RHO	Mass density	MAT1	1	7800.

5 10 20 30 40 50

Number of Visible Rows 5

Step 2 - Adjust TOMVAR Entries

+ Options

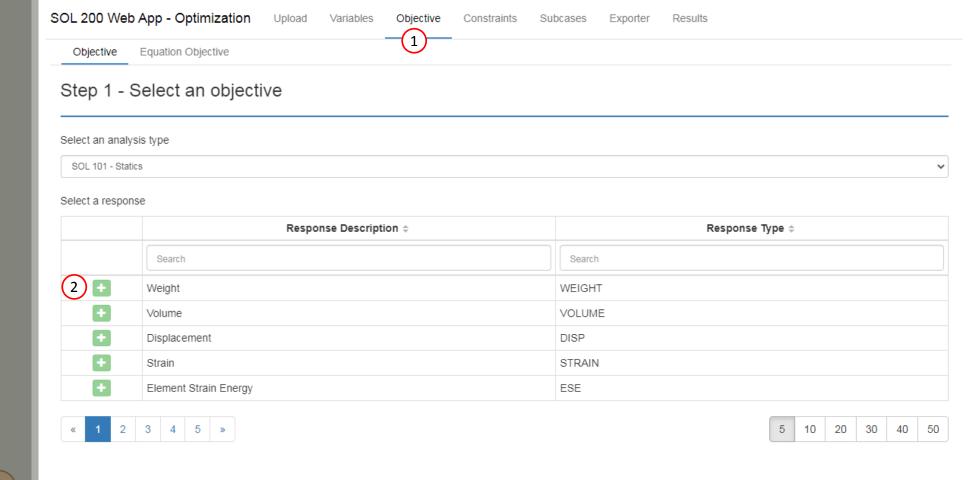


		Label \$		Status \$	Property \$	Property Description \$	Entry \$	Entry ID \$	Initial Value	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Allowed Discrete Values
		Search		Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search
×	z1	(3)	0	Т	Thickness	PSHELL	1	.01	.001	Upper	Examples: -2.0, 1.0, THRU, 10.0, B'



Create Design Objective

- 1. Click Objective
- 2. Select the plus (+) icon for weight
- 3. The objective has been set to minimize the weight, no further modification is necessary
- The objective must always be a single scalar response. A response such as weight and volume are single responses and can be used as an objective. Other responses require special care when set as an objective. For example, if the objective is stress, only the stress of a single component, e.g. von Mises, of a single element, of a single load case may be used.



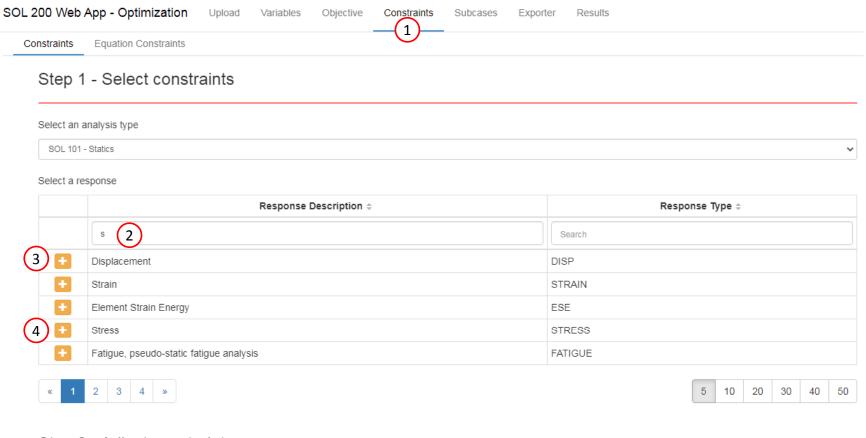
Step 2 - Adjust objective

+ Options



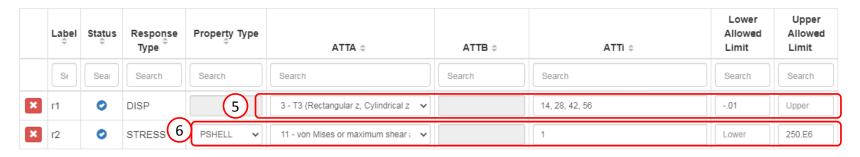
Create Design Constraints

- 1. Click Constraints
- 2. Type 's' into the search bar
- 3. Click on the plus (+) icon for Displacement
- 4. Click on the plus (+) icon for Stress
- 5. Configure the following for r1:
 - ATTA: 3 T3 (Z component)
 - ATTi: 14, 28, 42, 56 (Nodes 14, 28, 42 and 56)
 - Lower Allowed Limit: -.01
- 6. Configure the following for r2:
 - Property Type: PSHELL
 - ATTA: 11 von Mises
 - ATTi: 1 (PSHELL 1)
 - Upper Allowed Limit: 250.E6
- The constraints are defined normally as would be done in a size optimization.



Step 2 - Adjust constraints

+ Options



Other

Configure Optimization Settings

- Click Settings
- 2. Set P2 to 12 Print constraints and responses
- The P2 setting controls the output of the following information to the F06 file: objective, constraints, responses, properties and design variables.
- This is a topometry optimization and will generate a large amount of property and design variable data in the F06 file. To make the F06 file size manageable, the design variable information is omitted by using the P2=12 option. When the results are viewed, note that the objective and constraint information is plotted, but the design variable history is not plotted due to the P2=12 option.
- If this is a combined size and topometry optimization, P2 should be set to 15. If this is a pure size optimization, P2 should be set to 15.

Optimization Settings

Parameter \$	Description	Configure \$
Search	Search	Search
APRCOD	Approximation method to be used	☐ 2 - Mixed Method ✓
CONV1	Relative criterion to detect convergence	Enter a positive real number
CONV2	Absolute criterion to detect convergence	Enter a positive real number
DELX	Fractional change allowed in each design variable during any optimization cycle	Enter a positive real number
DESMAX	Maximum number of design cycles to be performed	☑ 20
DISBEG	Design cycle number for discrete variable processing initiation	Enter a positive integer
GMAX	Maximum constraint violation allowed at the converged optimum	Enter a positive real number
P1	Print items, e.g. objective, design variables, at every n-th design cycle to the .f06 file	1
P2	Items to be printed to the .f06 file	2 12 - Print constraints and respons
TCHECK	Topology Checkerboarding	-1 - Automatic selection (Default) 🔻
TDMIN	Minimum diameter of members in topology optimization	Enter a positive real number
TREGION	Trust Region	☐ 1 - Trust Region On ✓



Export New BDF

- Click on Exporter
- Click on Download BDF Files

When the download button is clicked a new file named "nastran working directory" is downloaded. If the file already exists in your local folder, the folder name is appended with a number, e.g. "nastran working directory (1).zip"



SOL 200 Web App - Optimization Upload Variables Objective Constraints Subcases Exporter Results



TOMVAR 3000001 PSHELL 1 .01

Design Objective

Design Regions/Variables

Design Constraints

DRESP1 8000001 r1 42 DRESP1 8000002 r2 STRESS PSHELL

DCONSTR 30001 8000001 -.01 DCONSTR 30002 8000002

Design Equation Constraints

Developed by The Engineering Lab

BDF Output - Model

```
assign userfile = 'optimization_results.csv', status = unknown,
form = formatted, unit = 52
$ MSC.Nastran input file created on September 09, 2017 at 12:48:07 by
$ Patran 2017.0.2
$ Direct Text Input for Nastran System Cell Section
$ Direct Text Input for File Management Section
$ Direct Text Input for Executive Control
$ Linear Static Analysis, Database
SOL 200
CEND
$ Direct Text Input for Global Case Control Data
TITLE = MSC.Nastran job created on 09-Sep-17 at 12:47:20
ECHO = NONE
  DESOB3(MIN) = 8000000
  $ DESGLB Slot
   $ DSAPRT(FORMATTED, EXPORT, END=SENS) = ALL
   ANALYSIS = STATICS
   DESSUB = 40000001
  $ DRSPAN Slot
$ Subcase name : Default
   SUBTITLE=Default
   SPC = 2
   DISPLACEMENT(PLOT, SORT1, REAL) = ALL
   SPCFORCES(PLOT.SORT1.REAL)=ALL
   STRESS(PLOT, SORT1, REAL, VONMISES, BILIN) = ALL
BEGIN BULK
```

Download BDF Files



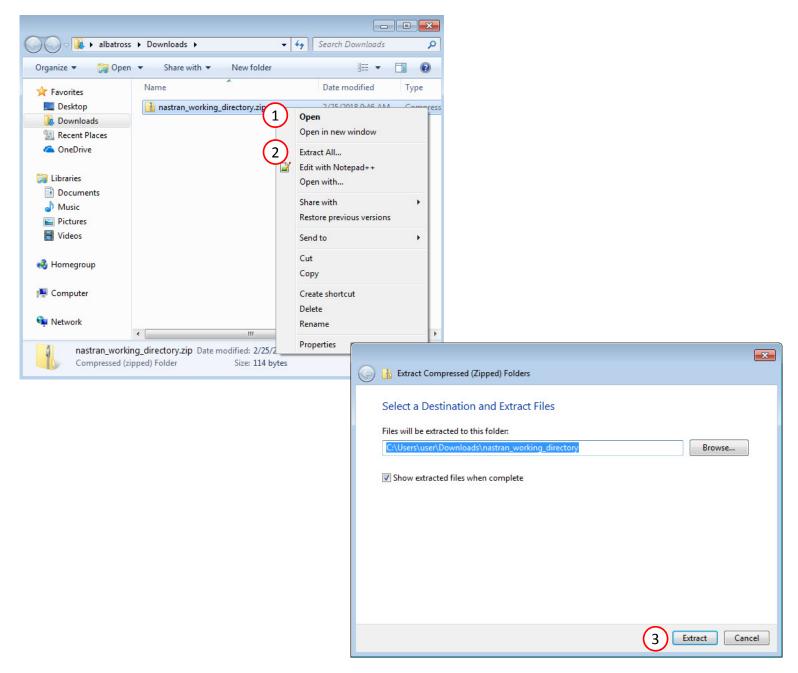


Settings Match Other User's Guide

<>

Perform the Optimization with Nastran SOL 200

- 1. A new .zip file has been downloaded
- 2. Right click on the file
- 3. Click Extract All
- 4. Click Extract on the following window
- Always extract the contents of the ZIP file to a new, empty folder.





Perform the Optimization with Nastran SOL 200

- 1. Inside of the new folder, double click on Start MSC Nastran
- Click Open, Run or Allow Access on any subsequent windows
- 3. MSC Nastran will now start
- After a successful optimization, the results will be automatically displayed as long as the following files are present: BDF, F06 and LOG.
- One can run the Nastran job on a remote machine as follows:
 1) Copy the BDF files and the INCLUDE file
 - 1) Copy the BDF files and the INCLUDE files to a remote machine. 2) Run the MSC Nastran job on the remote machine. 3) After completion, copy the BDF, F06, LOG, H5 files to the local machine. 4) Click "Start MSC Nastran" to display the results.

Using Linux?

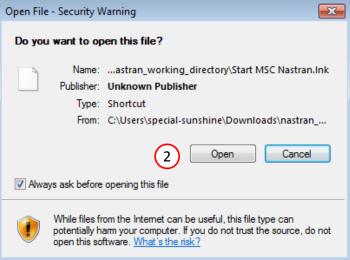
Follow these instructions:

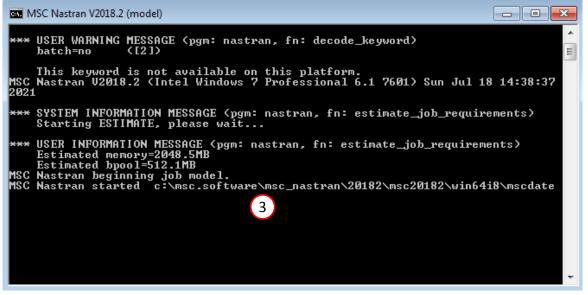
- 1) Open Terminal
- 2) Navigate to the nastran_working_directory <u>cd</u> ./nastran_working_directory
- 3) Use this command to start the process ./Start_MSC_Nastran.sh

In some instances, execute permission must be granted to the directory. Use this command. This command assumes you are one folder level up.

sudo chmod -R u+x ./nastran working directory









Status

1. While MSC Nastran is running, a status page will show the current state of MSC Nastran

 The status of the MSC Nastran job is reported on the Status page. Note that Windows 7 users will experience a delay in the status updates. All other users of Windows 10 and Red Hat Linux will see immediate status updates.

SOL 200 Web App - Status

Python

MSC Nastran

Status

Name	Status of Job	Design Cycle	RUN TERMINATED DUE TO
model.bdf	Running	None	



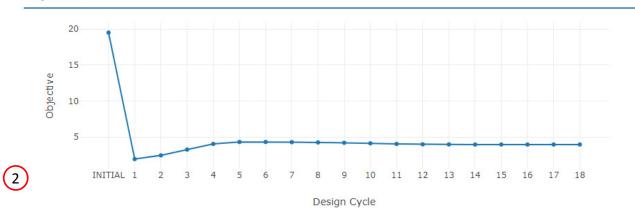
Review Optimization Results

- After MSC Nastran is finished, the results will be automatically uploaded.
- Ensure the messages shown have green checkmarks. This is indication of success. Any red icons indicate challenges.
- 3. The final value of objective and normalized constraints can be reviewed.
- Note that in a Topometry optimization, hundreds or thousands of design variables can be created. In this situation, the Design Variables are not plotted and displayed. Instead, the Objective and Normalized Constraints are displayed. It is recommended that a traditional post-processor be used to review the design variable results.

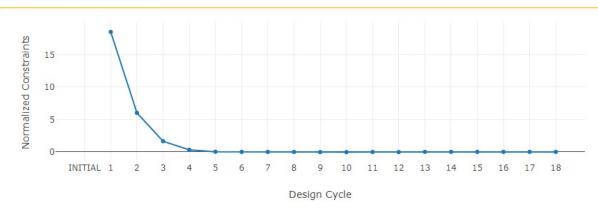
Final Message in .f06



Objective

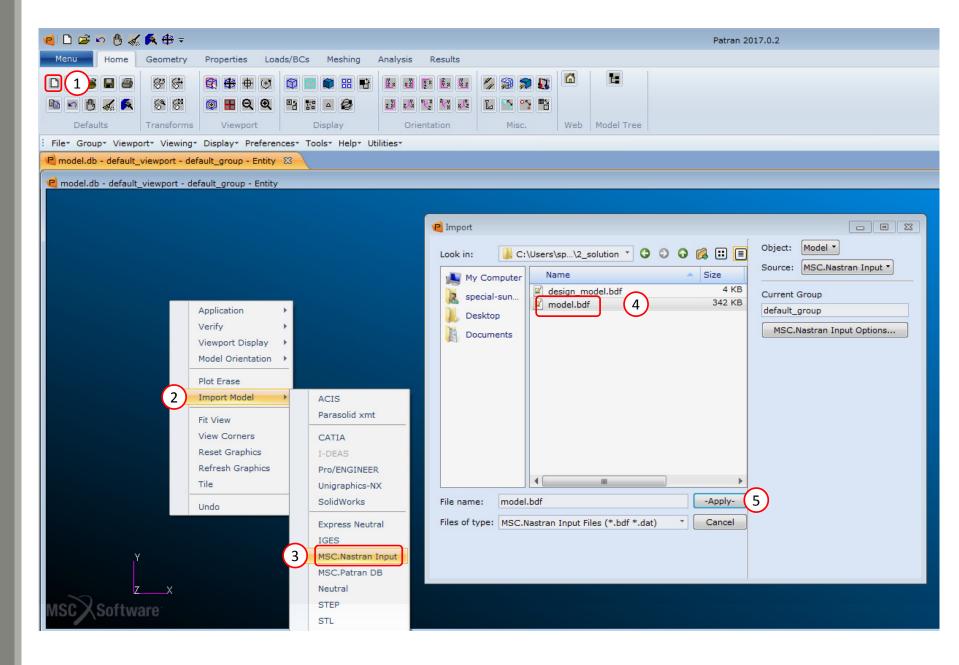


Normalized Constraints



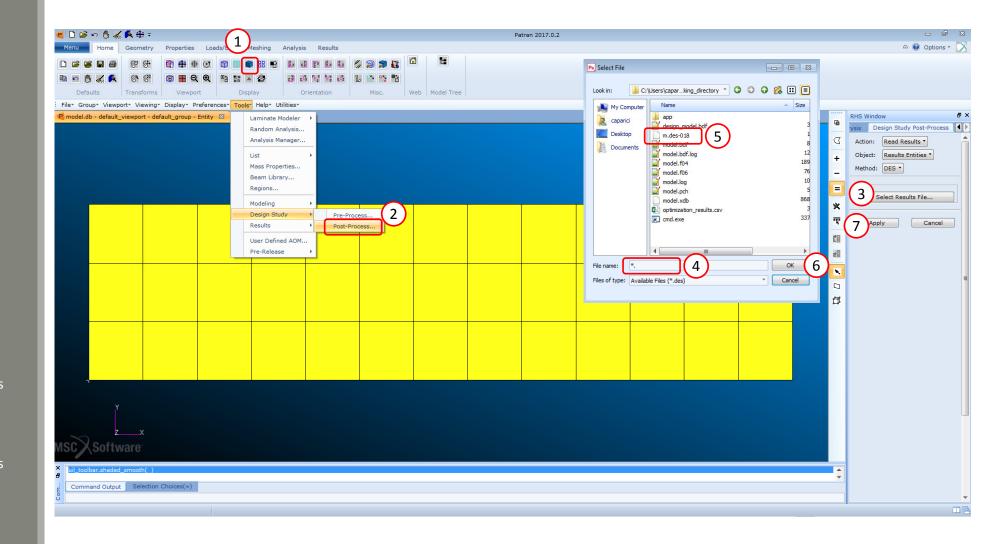


- 1. Start a new Patran session
- 2. Right click to open a menu
- Go to Import Model and click on MSC.Nastran Input
- 4. Select model.bdf (This file was used for the optimization)
- 5. Click Apply



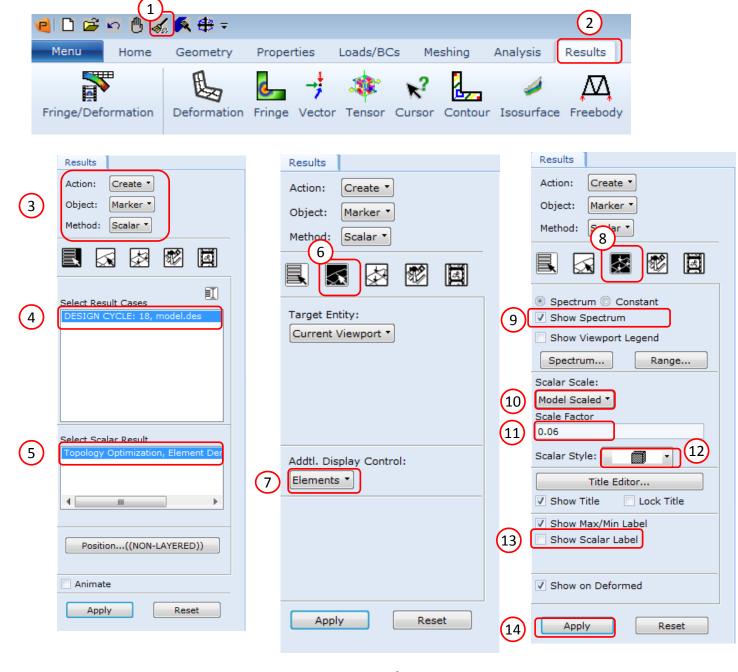


- 1. Click Smooth Shading
- Go to Tools > Design Study and click on Post-Process
- 3. Click Select Results File
- 4. Type this in the File name input box and press the Enter key: *.
 - This will display all the files in the directory
- 5. Select one of the following result files:
 - m.des-000i
 - This file is created when this entry is in the BDF file:
 PARAM DESPCH1-1
 - model.des
 - This file is created when this entry is <u>not</u> in the BDF file: PARAM DESPCH1-1
- 6. Click OK
- 7. Click Apply



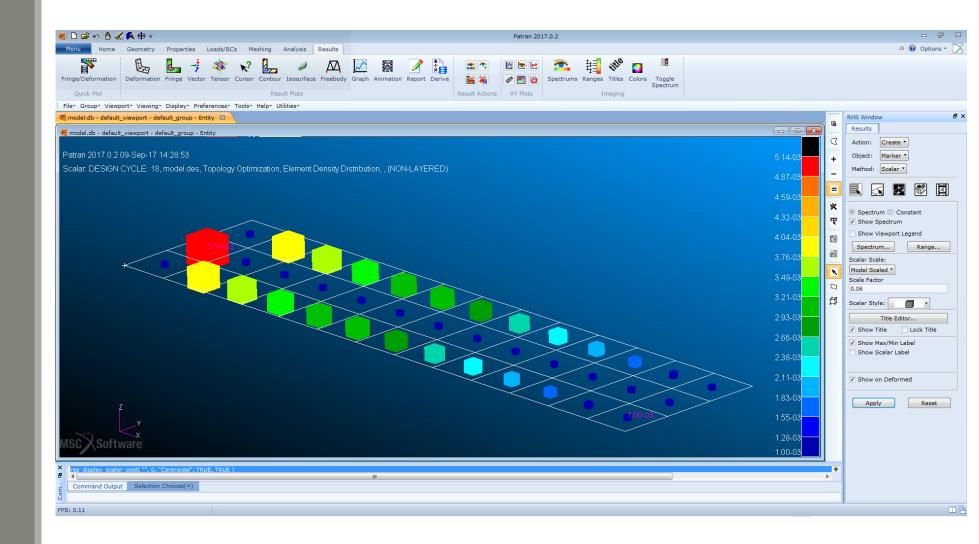


- 1. Click the clear icon
- 2. Click Results
- 3. Set the following:
 - 1. Action: Create
 - 2. Object: Marker
 - 3. Method: Scalar
- 4. Select: DESIGN CYCLE: 18, model.des (The row should be highlighted blue)
- 5. Select Topology Optimization, Element D... (The row should be highlighted blue)
- 6. Click Target Entities
- 7. Set to Elements
- 8. Click Display Attributes
- 9. Mark the checkbox for Show Spectrum
- 10. Change to Model Scaled
- 11. Set Scale Factor to .06
- 12. Change Scalar Style to the shaded cube
- 13. Uncheck the box for Show Scalar Label
- 14. Click Apply





1. The plot shows the new thickness distribution of each element. Plot not to scale.

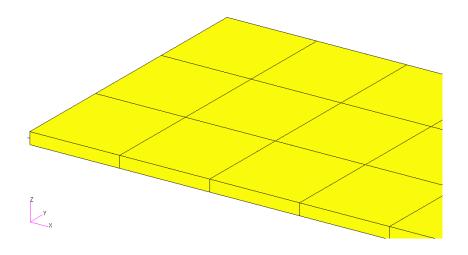




Results

Before Optimization

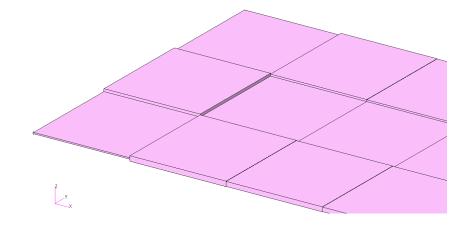
Mass: 19.5 kg



After Optimization

Mass: 3.97 kg

Vary the thickness of each element





End of Tutorial

