

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase E – Stacking Sequence Optimization

AN MSC NASTRAN SOL 200 TUTORIAL

Composite Workshop

This workshop is phase E of a 5-phase workshop.

Phase A

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase A – Determination of the optimal 0° direction of a composite

- Perform an optimization on the angle of ply 1 to maximize stiffness
- Tools Used: MSC Nastran and SOL 200 Web App

Phase B

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase B – Baseline Ply Number Optimization

- Perform a ply number optimization with full and continuous ply shapes
- Tools Used: SOL 200 Web App (Viewer and Optimization web apps) and MSC Nastran

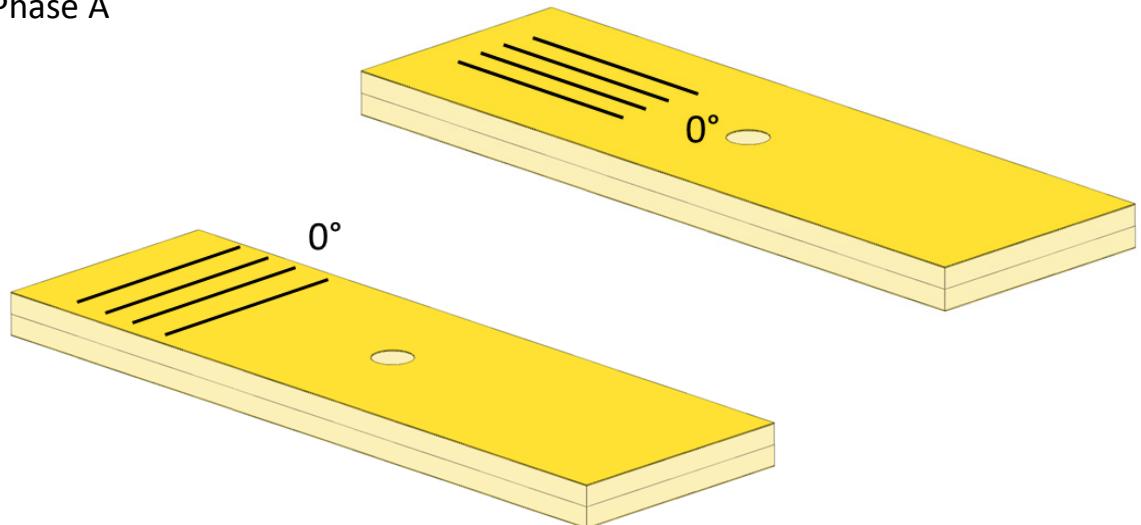
0° Direction Optimization

Baseline Ply Number Optimization

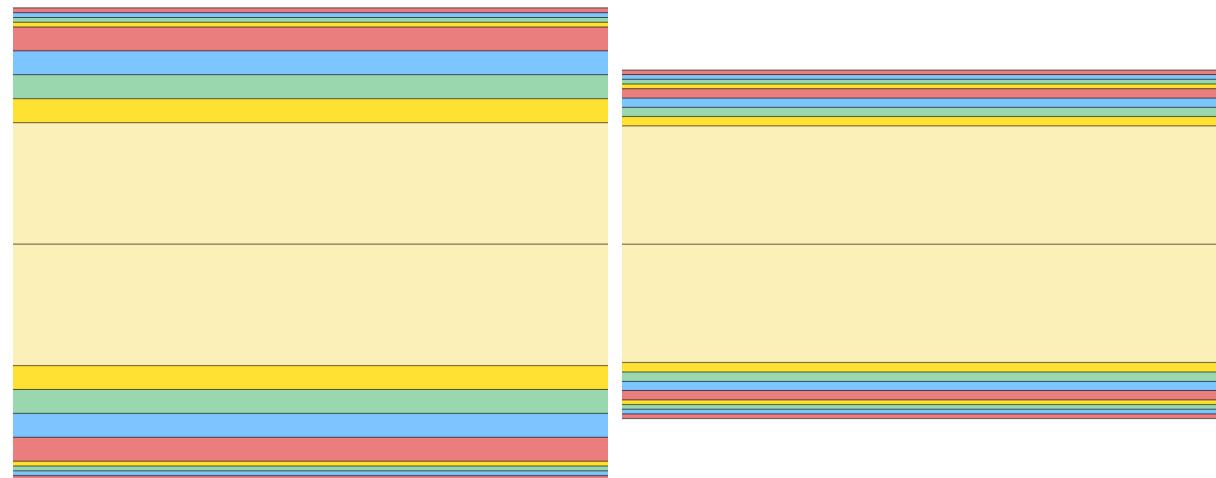
Composite Workshop

This workshop is phase E of a 5-phase workshop.

Phase A



Phase B



0° Direction Optimization

Baseline Ply Number Optimization

Composite Workshop

This workshop is phase E of a 5-phase workshop.

Phase C

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase C – Data Preparation for Ply Shape Optimization

- Manually create PLY000i Files
- Tools Used: Patran, MSC Nastran and SOL 200 Web App

Phase D

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase D – Ply Shape and Ply Number Optimization

- Input BDF and PLY000i Files
- Create Ply Shapes
- Perform Ply Number Optimization
- Inspect Plies
- Tools Used: SOL 200 Web App (Viewer and Optimization web apps) and MSC Nastran

Ply Shape Optimization

Phase E

Workshop – Composite Coupon – Phase E – Stacking Sequence Optimization

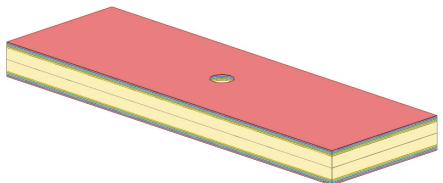
- Input BDF
- Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization
- Validate Performance
- Inspect Plies
- Tools Used: SOL 200 Web App (Stacking Sequence and Viewer web apps) and MSC Nastran

Stacking Sequence Optimization

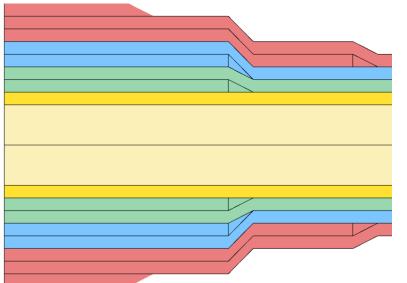
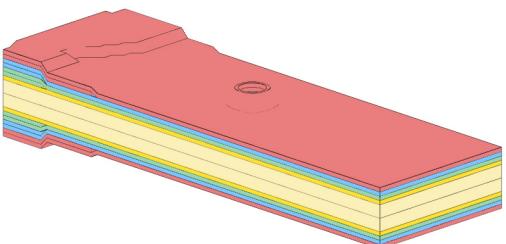
Composite Workshop

This workshop is phase E of a 5-phase workshop.

Phase C

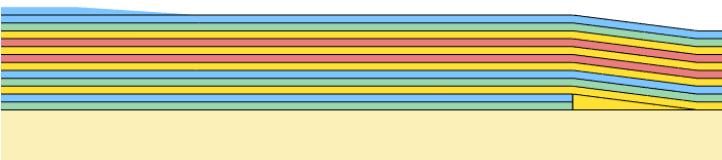


Phase D



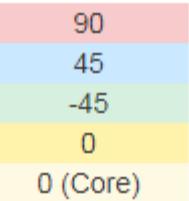
Ply Shape Optimization

Phase E



Ply Number Optimization

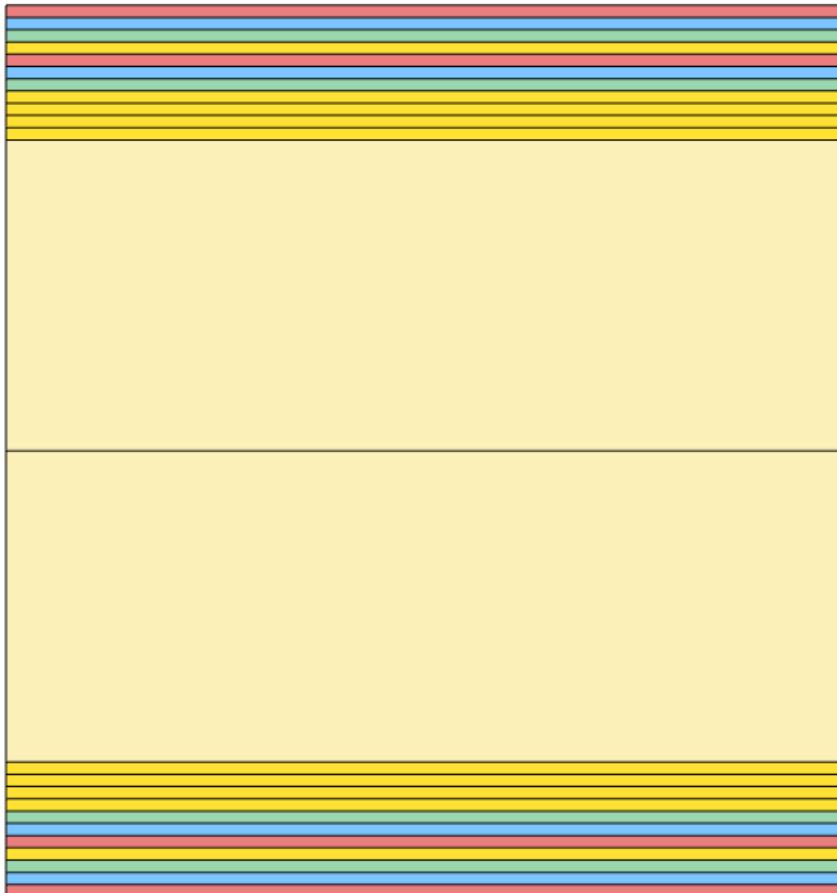
Stacking Sequence
Optimization



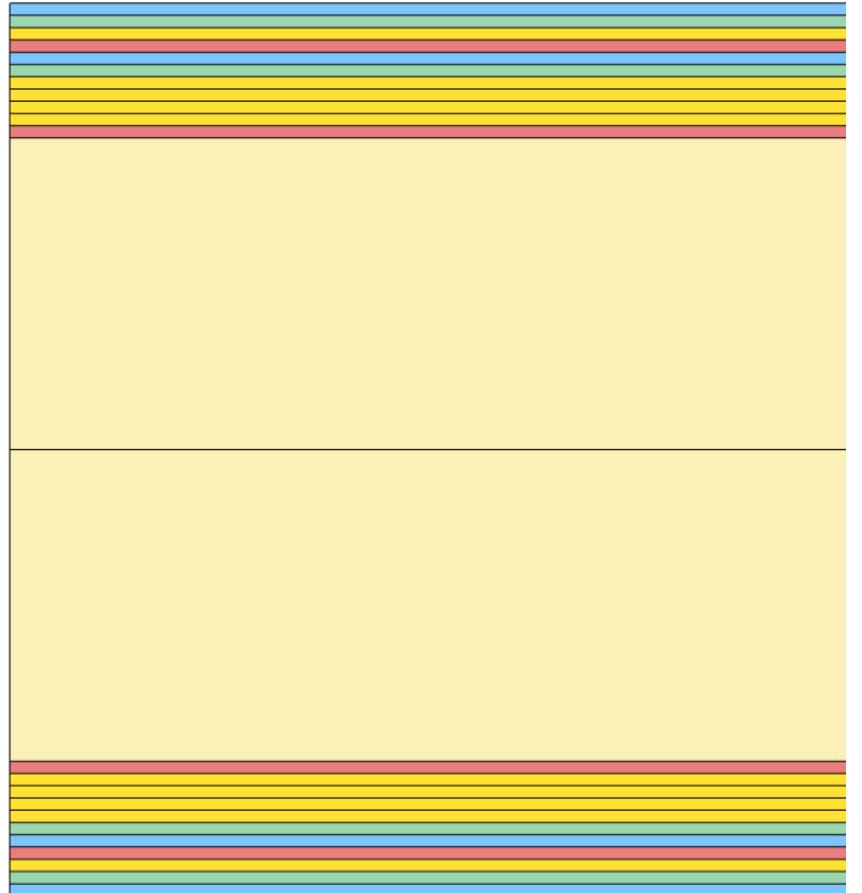
Goal: Perform a Stacking Sequence Optimization

- The goal is to construct ply shapes that produce a lightweight composite but satisfy failure index constraints.
- This tutorial discusses how perform a stacking sequence optimization.

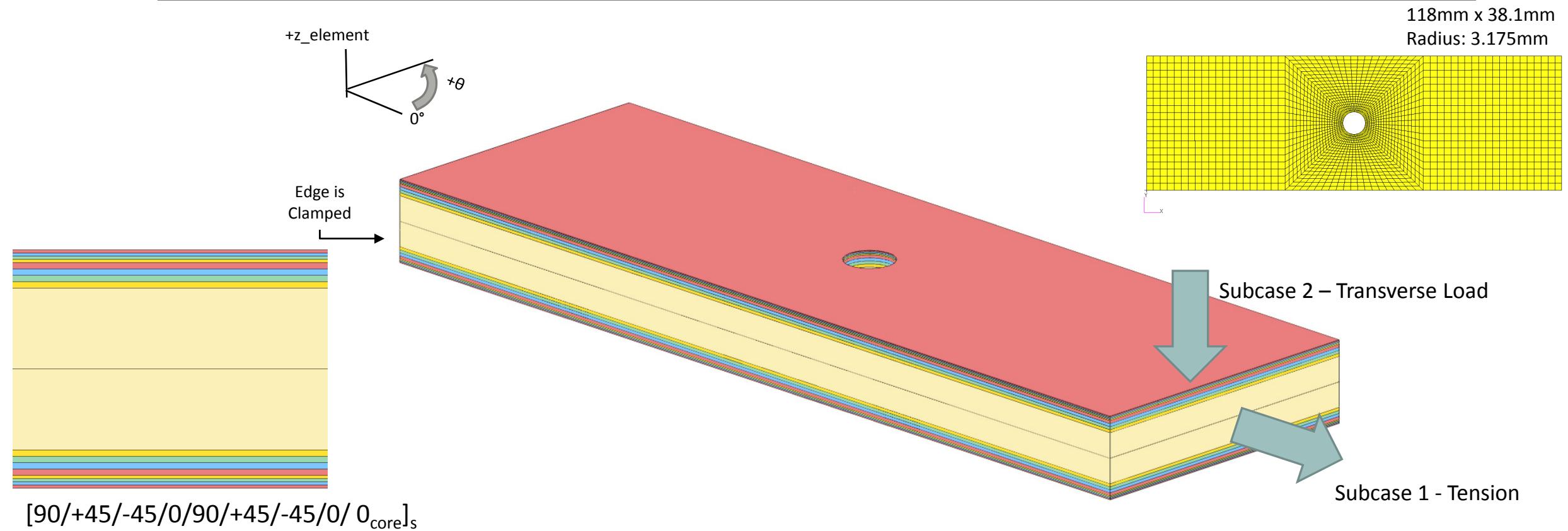
Before:



After:



Details of the structural model

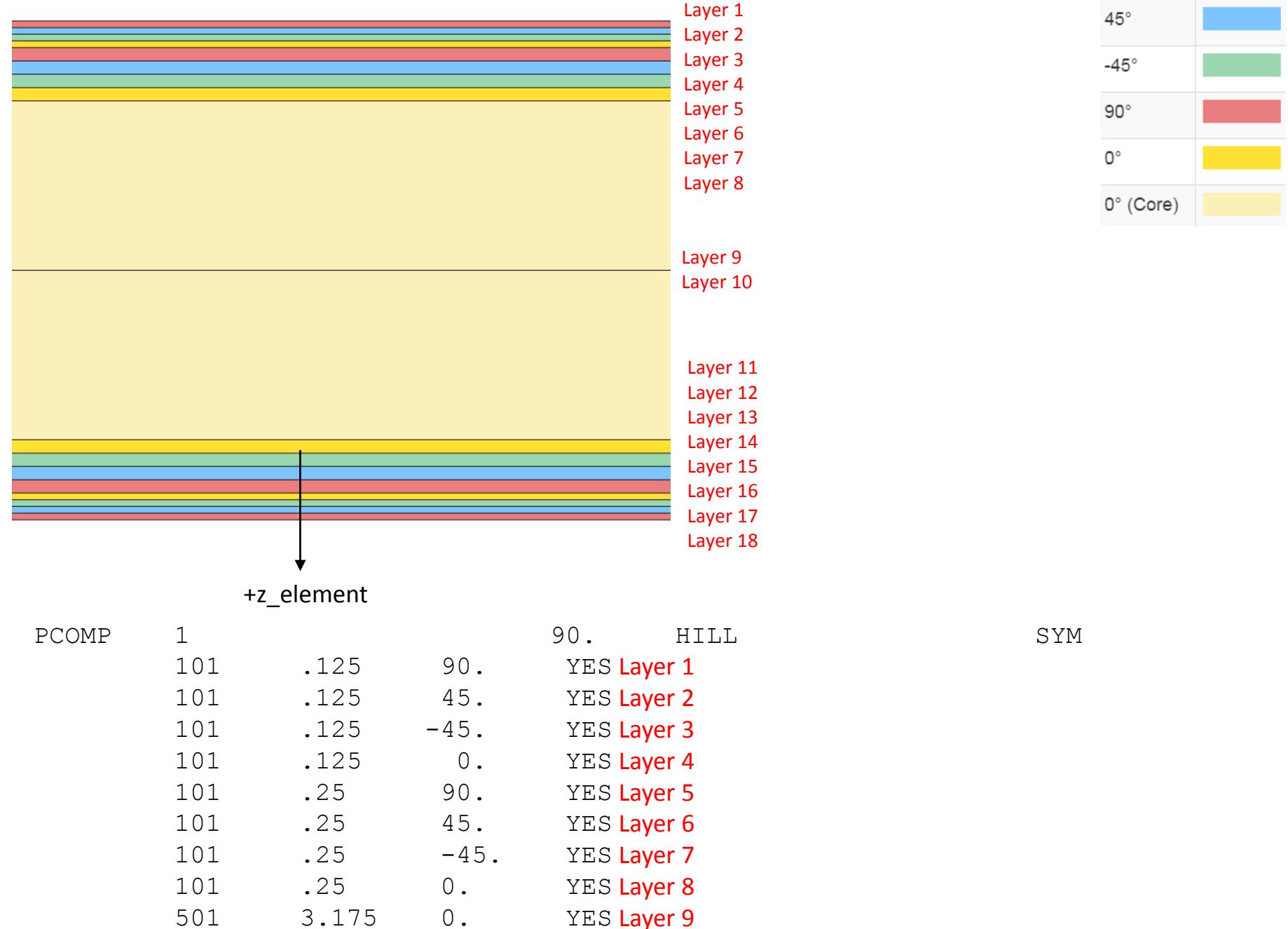


Details of the Composite Layers

This composite consists of 18 layers.

The PCOMP entry defines only 9 layers, but the LAM=SYM option indicates that the composite is symmetric. Internally, layers 10, 11, ..., 18 are generated and stored.

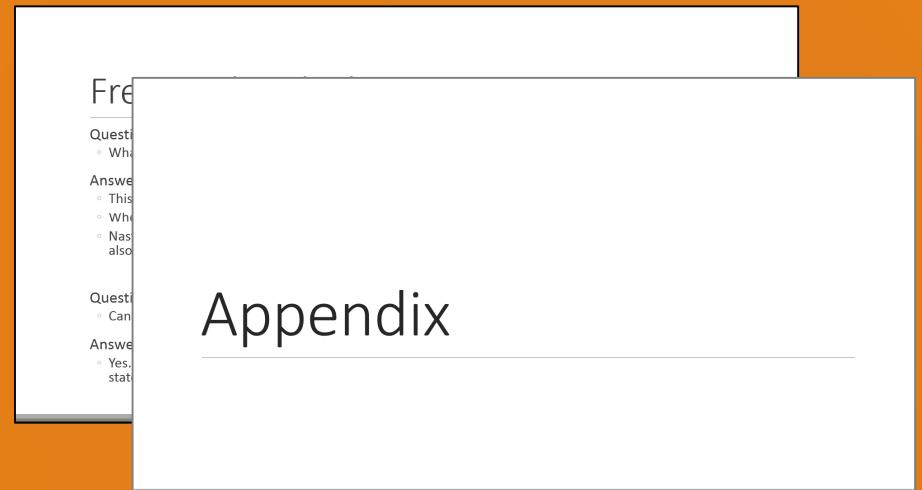
- Layers 9 and 10 correspond to the core.
- These layers are NOT optimized.
 - Layers 1 and 18 correspond to 90° layers.
 - Layers 2 and 17 correspond to 45° layers.
 - Layers 3 and 16 correspond to -45° layers.
 - Layers 4 and 15 correspond 0° layers.
- These layers are optimized.
 - Layers 5 and 14 correspond to 90 ° layers.
 - Layers 6 and 13 correspond to 45° layers.
 - Layers 7 and 12 correspond to -45° layers.
 - Layers 8 and 11 correspond 0° layers.



More Information Available in the Appendix

The Appendix includes information regarding the following:

- Options - Stacking Sequence Optimization



Contact me

- Nastran SOL 200 training
- Nastran SOL 200 questions
- Structural or mechanical optimization questions
- Access to the SOL 200 Web App

[christian@ the-engineering-lab.com](mailto:christian@the-engineering-lab.com)

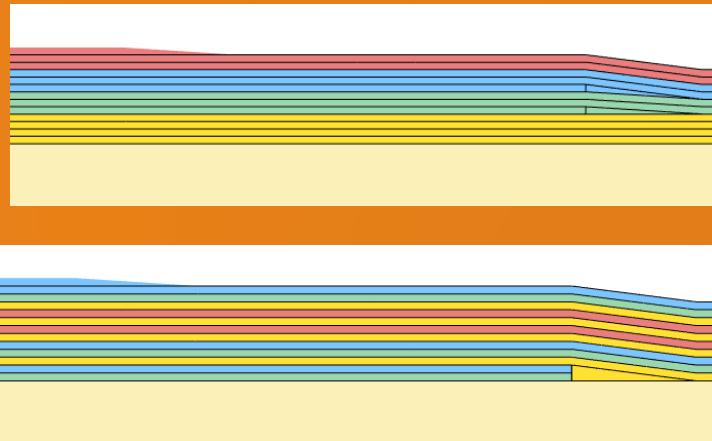
Tutorial

Tutorial Overview

1. Input BDF
2. Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization
3. Validate Performance
4. Inspect Plies

Special Topics Covered

Manufacturing Constraints - Ply shapes require the creation of multiple PCOMP/PCOMPG entries and assigning these entries to different 2D elements, e.g. CQUAD4, CTRIA3. This tutorial describes this procedure via the use of the SOL 200 Web App. Ultimately, optimal ply shapes are created.



SOL 200 Web App Capabilities

The Post-processor Web App and HDF5 Explorer are free to MSC Nastran users.

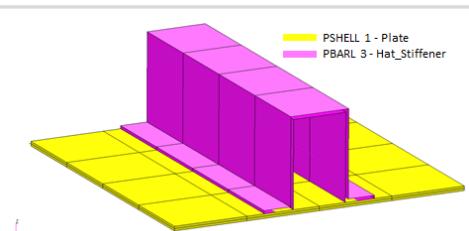
Compatibility

- Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox or Microsoft Edge
- Windows and Red Hat Linux
- Installable on a company laptop, workstation or server. All data remains within your company.

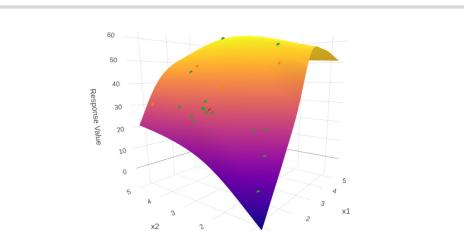
Benefits

- REAL TIME error detection. 200+ error validations.
- REAL TIME creation of bulk data entries.
- Web browser accessible
- Free Post-processor web apps
- +80 tutorials

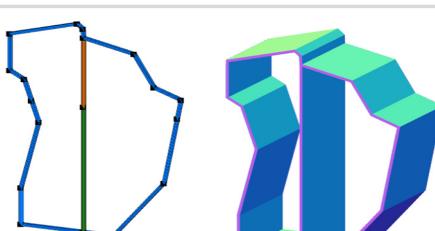
Web Apps



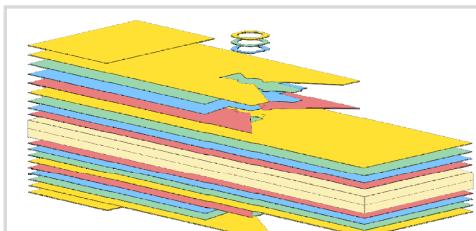
Web Apps for MSC Nastran SOL 200
Pre/post for MSC Nastran SOL 200.
Support for size, topology, topometry, topography, multi-model optimization.



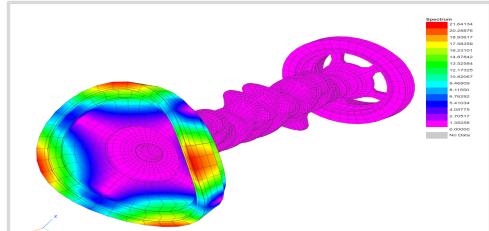
Machine Learning Web App
Bayesian Optimization for nonlinear response optimization (SOL 400)



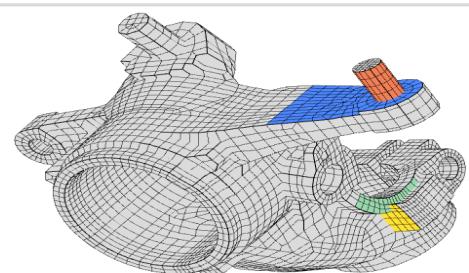
PBMSECT Web App
Generate PBMSECT and PBRSECT entries graphically



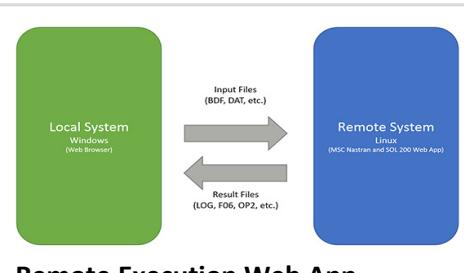
Ply Shape Optimization Web App
Optimize composite ply drop-off locations, and generate new PCOMPG entries



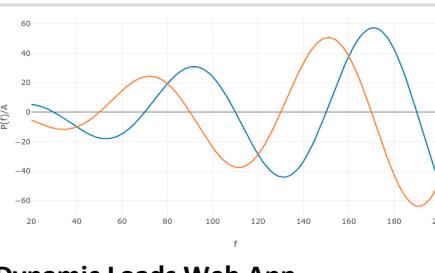
Post-processor Web App
View MSC Nastran results in a web browser on Windows and Linux



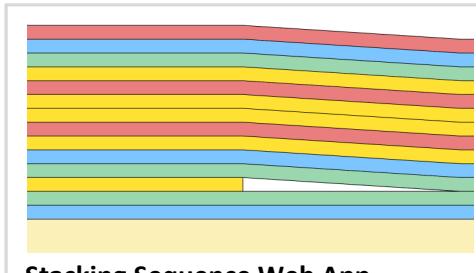
Shape Optimization Web App
Use a web application to configure and perform shape optimization.



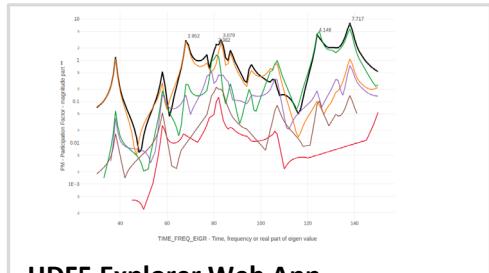
Remote Execution Web App
Run MSC Nastran jobs on remote Linux or Windows systems available on the local network



Dynamic Loads Web App
Generate RLOAD1, RLOAD2 and DLOAD entries graphically



Stacking Sequence Web App
Optimize the stacking sequence of composite laminate plies



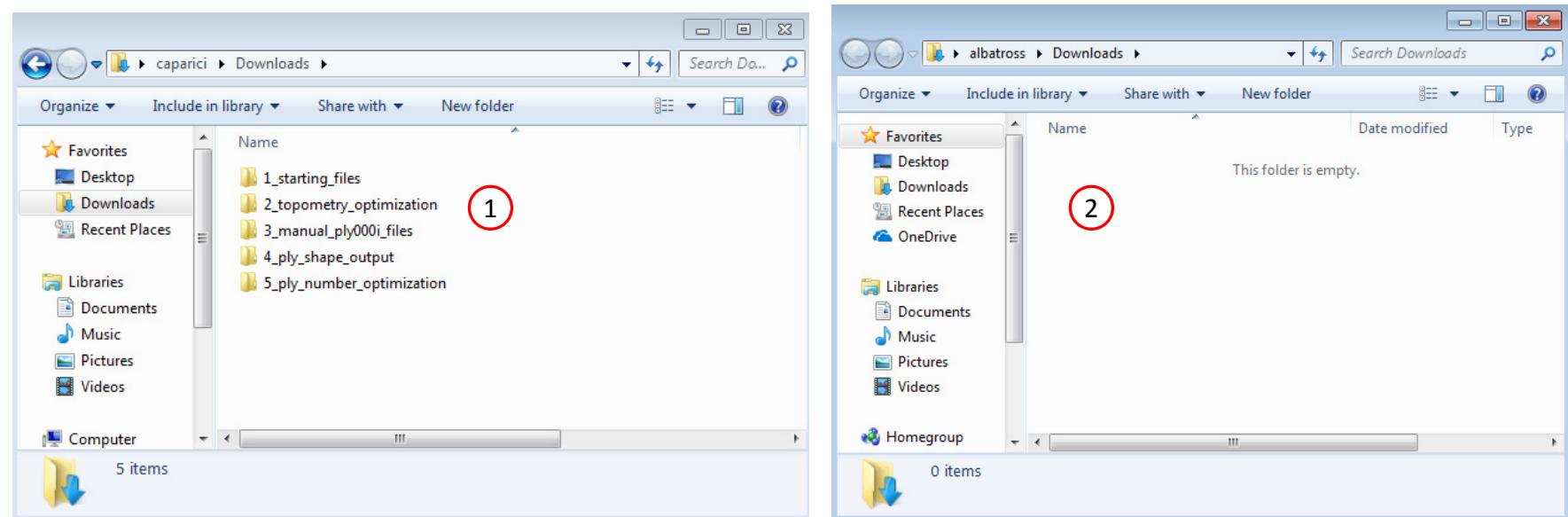
HDF5 Explorer Web App
Create graphs (XY plots) using data from the H5 file

Before Starting

This tutorial is a continuation of the previous tutorial. You have two starting options.

1. You may continue on from the previous tutorial with the same BDF files.
2. Or you may start with prepared BDF files available in the User's Guide. Ensure the Downloads directory is empty in order to prevent confusion with other files. The next slides detail how to download prepared BDF files from the User's Guide.

- Throughout this workshop, you will be working with multiple file types and directories such as:
 - .bdf/.dat
 - nastran_working_directory
 - .f06, .log, .pch, .h5, etc.
- To minimize confusion with files and folders, it is encouraged to start with a clean directory.



Go to the User's Guide

1. Click on the indicated link

- The necessary BDF files for this tutorial are available in the Tutorials section of the User's Guide.

The Engineering Lab

SOL 200 Web App

Select a web app to begin

The interface features a dark background with a blurred image of a keyboard in the foreground. Five application cards are displayed in a row:

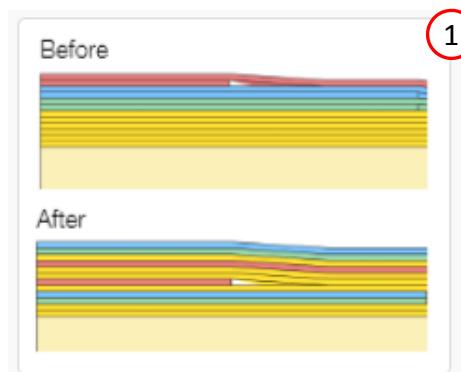
- Optimization for SOL 200:** Shows a 3D model of a mechanical part labeled "Before" and "After".
- Multi Model Optimization:** Shows a 3D model being transformed into a grid-based representation.
- Machine Learning | Parameter Study:** Shows two 2D plots of data series.
- HDF5 Explorer:** Shows a 2D plot with multiple colored curves.
- Viewer:** Shows a 3D heatmap visualization of a cube.

At the bottom, there is a callout box with a red border and a white background containing the number "1" and the text "Tutorials and User's Guide". Below the callout is the text "Full list of web apps".

Obtain Starting Files

1. Find the indicated example
2. Click Link
3. The starting file has been downloaded

- When starting the procedure, all the necessary BDF files must be collected together.



1

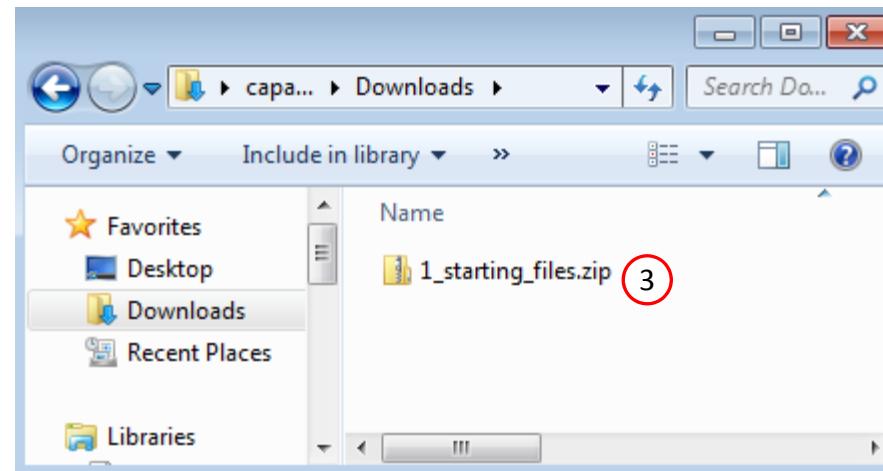
Composite Coupon – Phase E – Stacking Sequence Optimization

This tutorial involves performing a stacking sequence optimization and is a continuation of the previous tutorial, phase D. A final statics analysis is performed to confirm the optimized composite satisfies failure index constraints.

This is the fifth phase in a 5-phase tutorial series.

Starting BDF Files: [Link](#) 2

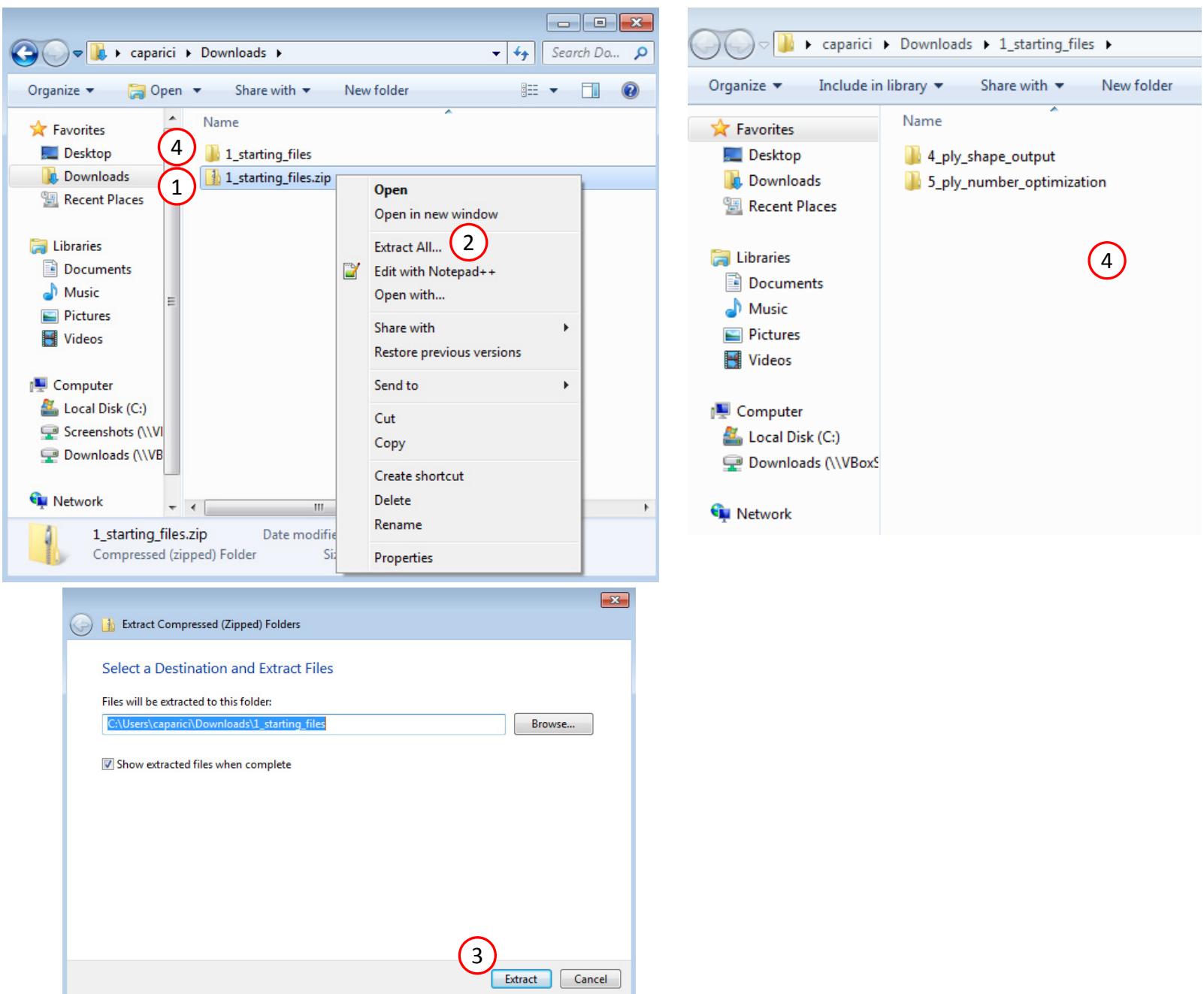
Solution BDF Files: [Link](#)



Obtain Starting Files

1. Right click on the zip file
2. Select Extract All...
3. Click Extract
4. The starting files are now available in a folder

- This example is using a previously created design model. The design model is a model that has been converted to SOL 200 and contains bulk data entries describing the optimization problem statement, e.g. variables, objective and constraints.



Open the Correct Page

1. Click on the indicated link

- MSC Nastran can perform many optimization types. The SOL 200 Web App includes dedicated web apps for the following:
 - Optimization for SOL 200 (Size, Topology, Topometry, Topography, Local Optimization, Sensitivity Analysis and Global Optimization)
 - Multi Model Optimization
 - Machine Learning
- The web app also features the HDF5 Explorer, a web application to extract results from the H5 file type.

The Engineering Lab

The SOL 200 Web App interface is displayed on a laptop screen. The title "SOL 200 Web App" is at the top, followed by the sub-instruction "Select a web app to begin". Below this, five web applications are shown in cards:

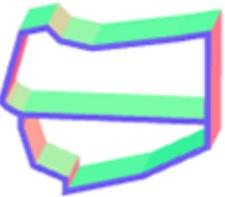
- Optimization for SOL 200:** Shows a 3D model of a mechanical part labeled "Before" and "After" with a grid overlay.
- Multi Model Optimization:** Shows a 3D model being transformed into a more complex shape with arrows indicating the process.
- Machine Learning | Parameter Study:** Shows two 2D plots of data series.
- HDF5 Explorer:** Shows a 3D plot of data with multiple curves.
- Viewer:** Shows a 3D cube with a color gradient (red to blue).

At the bottom left, there is a red circle with the number "1" and a red-bordered button labeled "Full list of web apps". A grey callout bubble points to this button with the text "Tutorials and User's Guide".

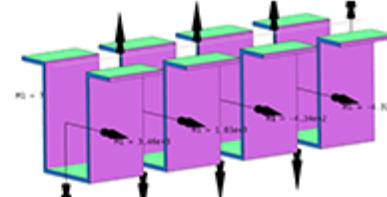
Open the Stacking Sequence Web App

1. Navigate to the Composites section
2. Click Stacking Sequence

Beams



PBMSECT



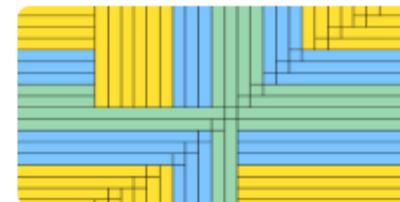
Beams Viewer

① Composites

ply	Thickness (")	OPLY ID
1	.40	1219001
2	.40	1319001
3	0	1419001
4	.30	1119001
5	0	1419002
6	.90	1519001
7	0	1419003
8	.40	1219002
9	.40	1319002

Stacking Sequence

②



Viewer (.des, .ply000i)

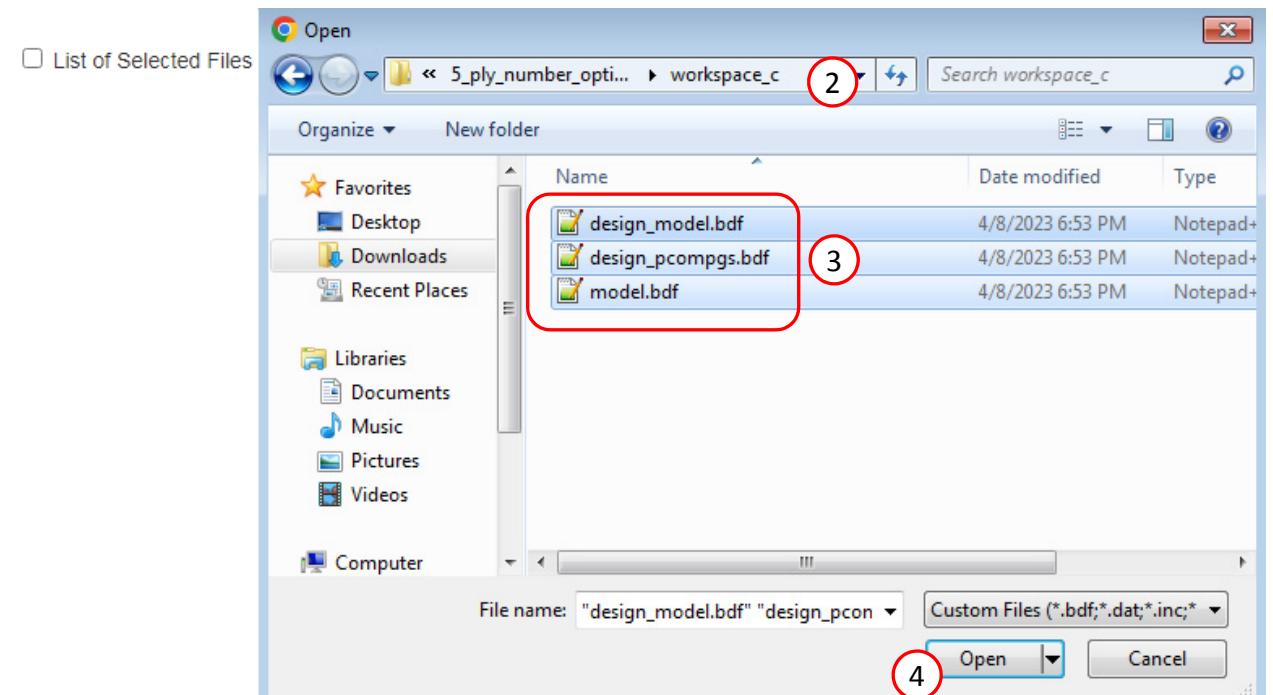
Upload Input Files

1 1. Select files 3 files selected

5 2. Upload files

Inspecting: 100%

Uploading: 100 %



Upload Files

1. Click Select files
2. Navigate to workspace_c
3. Select the indicated files
4. Click Open
5. Click Upload files

1

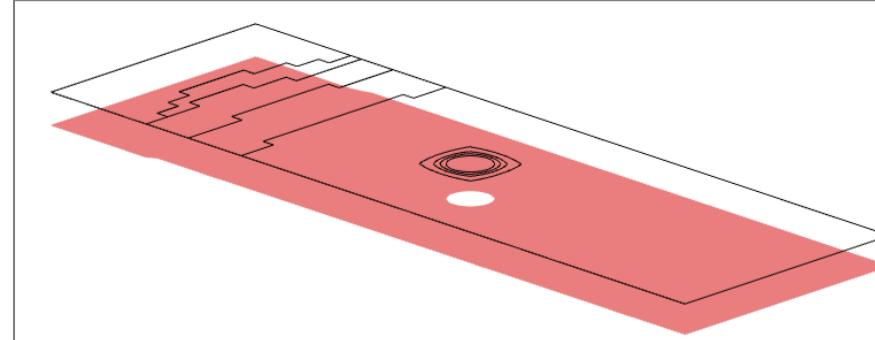
Select a Stack

1. Click Select Stack
2. Select Multiple Stacks
3. Select GPLY 111000

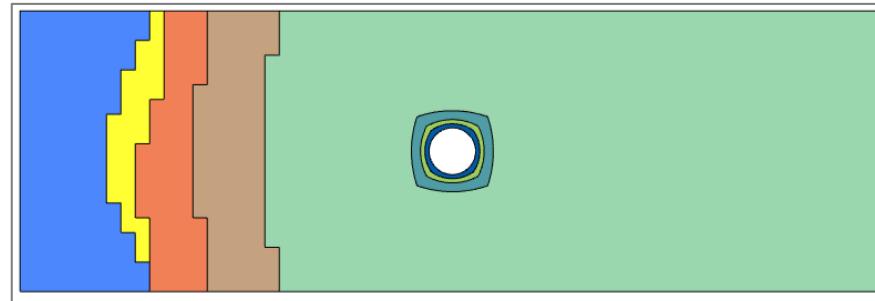
Why is GPLY 111000 selected?

- GPLY 111000 is used by PCOMPG 2-7 and is used by the entire model.
- GPLY 181001 is only used by PCOMPG 3 and covers only a small portion of the model.
- When you select a GPLY, all the associated PCOMPGs are loaded and updated after the stacking sequence optimization. If GPLY 181001 is selected, only PCOMPG 3 is loaded and updated by stacking sequence optimization. Since GPLY 111000 is selected, all PCOMPGs are loaded and updated by the stacking sequence optimization.

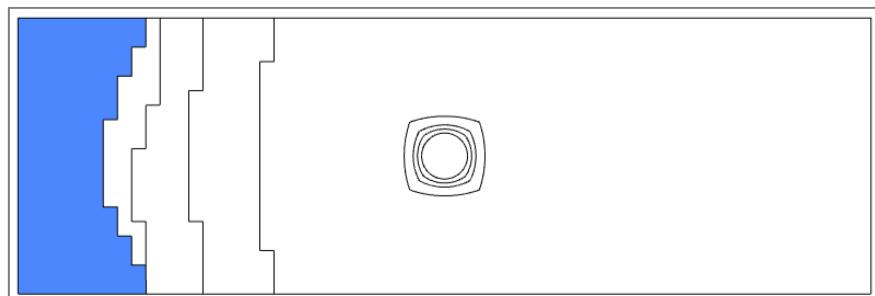
GPLY 111000



PCOMPG 2-9



PCOMPG 3



Select Stack

1) Stack Option

Single Stack - Single PCOMP or PCOMPG Entry
Multiple Stacks - GPLY and Corresponding PCOMPG Entries

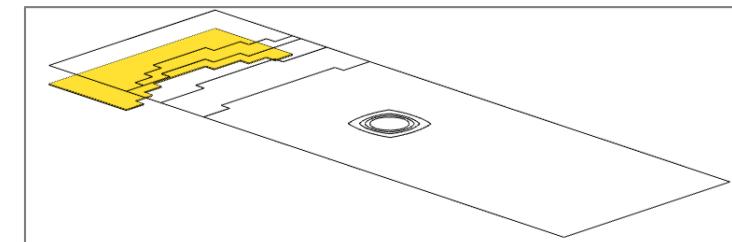
2

2) GPLY ID

GPLY 111000
GPLY 121000
GPLY 131000
GPLY 141000
GPLY 151001
GPLY 161001
GPLY 163001
GPLY 171001
GPLY 173001
GPLY 181001
GPLY 181002
GPLY 183001
GPLY 184001
GPLY 184002
GPLY 191000
GPLY 2111000
GPLY 2121000
GPLY 2131000
GPLY 2141000
GPLY 2151001
GPLY 2161001

3

GPLY 181001



Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Click Optimize

The outermost plies of the composite are to have plies with 45, -45, 0 and 90 degrees.

2. Locate GPLY ID 111000, which is initially in the 1st ply level
3. Find GPLY ID 111000 and click its Down button until the ply is at the ply 4 level
4. Click the indicated buttons. This will fix the plies and these plies will be ignored during the optimization.
5. For the core, GPLY 151000, click the indicated button to fix the core during the optimization.

Fixed plies are not included in the optimization and manufacturing constraints are not considered for fixed plies.

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Output Ply Table

1

Display Additional Columns

Save New Entries

Perform Optimization

Stack

Property		MAIN					
Stack		Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry
Legend	90°	1	45°	121000			
	45°	2	-45°	131000			
	-45°	3	0°	141000			
	0°	4	90°	111000			
Stack	0° (Core)	5	90°	151001			
		6	45°	161001			
		7	45°	162001			
		8	45°	163001			
		9	-45°	171001			
		10	-45°	172001			
		11	-45°	173001			
		12	0°	181001			
		13	0°	181002			
		14	0°	182001			
		15	0°	183001			
		16	0°	185001			
		17	0°	185002			
		18	0°	191000			
		19	0°	2191000			

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Click Display Additional Columns. This will display all the PCOMPG entries that will be updated during the stacking sequence optimization.
2. Click Toggle Display of Plies to view how the plies span across each PCOMPG entry.
3. Click Compact Mode.
4. GPLY ID 111000 is shown to span each PCOMPG. This GPLY spans the entire coupon.
5. Notice that the 45-degree and -45-degree plies are not paired. A stacking sequence optimization is performed on the next page to pair the 45-degree plies.

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack Optimize Review Download User's Guide Home

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Stack

Output Ply Table **Compact Mode** **Toggle Display of Plies** **Display Additional Columns** **Save New Entries** **Perform Optimization**

3 **2** **1**

Property	MAIN						PCOMPG 2	PCOMPG 3	PCOMPG 4	PCOMPG 5	PCOMPG 6	PCOMPG 7	PCOMPG 8	PCOMPG 9
Stack	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry	Theta							
Legend	1	45°	121000				45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	2	-45°	131000				-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	3	0°	141000				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	4	90°	111000				90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	5	90°	151001				90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	6	45°	161001				45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	7	45°	162001				45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	8	45°	163001				-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	9	-45°	171001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	10	-45°	172001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
11	-45°	173001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
12	0°	181001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
13	0°	181002				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
14	0°	182001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
15	0°	183001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
16	0°	185001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
17	0°	185002				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	
18	0°	191000				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Click Display Additional Columns
2. Click the indicated buttons. These plies will be temporarily fixed during the optimization.

- The 90° and 0° plies are temporarily fixed. Only the 45° are allowed to vary. Recall that fixed plies are not considered in the optimization. The next slide will consider manufacturing constraints on only the 45° plies.

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack Optimize Review Download User's Guide Home

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Output Ply Table Display Additional Columns Save New Entries Perform Optimization

Stack

Property	MAIN						
Stack	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry	
Legend 90° 45° -45° 0° 0° (Core)	1	45°	121000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	2	-45°	131000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	3	0°	141000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	4	90°	111000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	5	90°	151001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	6	45°	161001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	7	45°	162001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	8	45°	163001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	9	-45°	171001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	10	-45°	172001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	11	-45°	173001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	12	0°	181001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	13	0°	181002				<input type="checkbox"/>
	14	0°	182001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	15	0°	183001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	16	0°	185001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	17	0°	185002				<input type="checkbox"/>
	18	0°	191000				<input type="checkbox"/>

QUESTIONS? EMAIL: CHRISTIAN@THE-ENGINEERING-ID.COM Technology Partner

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Scroll to section Configure Manufacturing Constraints
2. Set Pair to YES
3. Click Perform Optimization
4. Navigate to the row labeled Stack Optimized
5. The 45-degree plies are now paired. Note the signs are in the same order, e.g. +45, -45, +45, etc. Some may desire to have the sign alternate, e.g. +45, -45, -45, +45, etc.

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack **Optimize** Review Download User's Guide Home

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Toggle Display of Plies Display Additional Columns Save New Entries

Configure Manufacturing Constraints 1

Constraints are applicable only to the main stack.

Use Symmetry

Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies

Theta	Max.
-45	
0	
45	
90	

Adjacent Ply Constraints

Maximum Allowed Angle Difference

Pairing

Theta	Pair	Pairing Option
45	Yes 2	Not Used

M and N are both required to apply this constraint.

Stack Optimized 4

Legend

90°
45°
-45°
0°
0° (Core)

5

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	45°	121000
2	-45°	131000
3	0°	141000
4	90°	111000
5	90°	151001
6	45°	161001
7	-45°	171001
8	45°	162001
9	-45°	172001
10	45°	163001
11	-45°	173001
12	0°	181001
13	0°	181002
14	0°	182001
15	0°	183001
16	0°	185001
17	0°	185002
18	0°	191000
19	0°	2191000

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

Repeat the stacking sequence optimization but with an adjustment to the 45-degree pairing

1. Set Pairing Option to REVERSE
2. Click Perform Optimization
3. The 45-degree plies are paired AND are alternating in signs, e.g. +45, -45, -45, +45

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack **Optimize** Review Download

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Toggle Display of Plies Display Additional Columns Save New Entries Perform Optimization

Configure Manufacturing Constraints

Constraints are applicable only to the main stack.

Use Symmetry

Adjacent Ply Constraints

Maximum Allowed Angle Difference

Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies	
Theta	Max.
-45	
0	
45	
90	

Pairing

Theta	Pair	Pairing Option
45	Yes	REVERSE 1

M and N are both required to apply this constraint.

Property	MAIN		
	Stack Optimized	Ply	Theta
Legend 90° 45° -45° 0° 0° (Core)	1	45°	121000
	2	-45°	131000
	3	0°	141000
	4	90°	111000
	5	90°	151001
	6	45°	161001
	7	-45°	171001
	8	-45°	172001
	9	45°	163001
	10	45°	162001
	11	-45°	173001
	12	0°	181001
13	0°	181002	
14	0°	182001	
15	0°	183001	
16	0°	185001	
17	0°	185002	
18	0°	191000	
19	0°	2101000	

3

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Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Navigate to the row labeled Stack
2. Click the indicated buttons. These plies will now vary during the optimization.

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack Optimize Review Download User's Guide Home

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Output Ply Table Display Additional Columns Save New Entries Perform Optimization

Property		MAIN					
Stack		Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry
1 Legend 90° 45° -45° 0° 0° (Core)	1	45°	121000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	2	-45°	131000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	3	0°	141000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	4	90°	111000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	5	90°	151001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	6	45°	161001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	7	45°	162001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	8	45°	163001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	9	-45°	171001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	10	-45°	172001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	11	-45°	173001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	12	0°	181001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	13	0°	181002				<input type="checkbox"/>
	14	0°	182001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	15	0°	183001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	16	0°	185001				<input type="checkbox"/>
	17	0°	185002				<input type="checkbox"/>
	18	0°	191000				<input type="checkbox"/>
	19	0°	2191000				

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Click Perform Optimization
 2. Notice that the optimized stack yields 2 adjacent 90-degree plies. This may not be desired in some applications.
- The 90° is fixed. Manufacturing constraints are not considered for fixed plies. There is a manufacturing constraint to prevent adjacent 90° plies, but it will not work in this case since the ply is fixed. To avoid adjacent 90° plies, consider the steps on the next page.

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

[Output Ply Table](#)[Display Additional Columns](#)[Save New Entries](#)[Perform Optimization](#)

1

2

Property	MAIN		
Stack Optimized	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
Legend	1	45°	121000
90°	2	-45°	131000
45°	3	0°	141000
-45°	4	90°	111000
0°	5	90°	151001
0° (Core)	6	0°	181001
	7	45°	161001
	8	-45°	171001
	9	0°	181002
	10	0°	182001
	11	45°	162001
	12	-45°	172001
	13	0°	183001
	14	0°	185001
	15	45°	163001
	16	-45°	173001
	17	0°	185002
	18	0°	191000
	19	0°	2191000
	20	0°	2185002
	21	-45°	2173001

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Output Ply Table

Display Additional Columns

Save New Entries

Perform Optimization

Stack

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Navigate to the row labeled Stack
2. Locate GPLY 151001 and click the indicated button until the GPLY is in the 14th position in the stack.
3. Click the indicated button to fix GPLY 151001 during the optimization. Doing this will prevent the 90-degree plies from being adjacent to each other.

- Given the bending in the composite, a 90° near the top does not contribute much to the bending stiffness of the composite. The 90° ply is moved towards the midplane and allows other angles to occupy positions towards the outer plies.

Property		MAIN					
Stack		Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry
Legend 1 90° 45° -45° 0° 0° (Core)	1	1	45°	121000			
	2	2	-45°	131000			
	3	3	0°	141000			
	4	4	90°	111000			
	5	5	45°	161001			
	6	6	45°	162001			
	7	7	45°	163001			
	8	8	-45°	171001			
	9	9	-45°	172001			
	10	10	-45°	173001			
	11	11	0°	181001			
	12	12	0°	181002			
	13	13	0°	182001			
	14	14	0°	183001			
	15	15	0°	185001			
	16	16	0°	185002			
	17	17	90°	151001			
	18	18	0°	191000			
	19	19	0°	2191000			

Perform Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Click Perform Optimization
2. Click Display Additional Columns
3. Click Compact Mode
4. If needed, click Toggle Display of Plies 2 times
5. The stack is sufficiently homogeneous.
6. The updated set of PCOMPG entries is listed on the next row of the table.
7. Click Save New Entries to save the updated PCOMPG entries.

- Refer to the appendix for additional manufacturing constraints for:
 - Pair $\pm\theta$ plies
 - Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies
 - Maximum Allowed Angle Difference
 - Force Homogenous Stacking

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence

Upload Input Files Select Stack Optimize Review Download

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Property	MAIN							
Stack Optimized	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID					
Legend 90° 45° -45° 0° 0° (Core)	1	45°	121000					
	2	-45°	131000					
	3	0°	141000					
	4	90°	111000					
	5	45°	161001					
	6	-45°	171001					
	7	0°	181001					
	8	0°	181002					
	9	45°	162001					
	10	-45°	172001					
	11	0°	182001					
	12	0°	183001					
	13	45°	163001					
	14	-45°	173001					
	15	0°	185001					
	16	0°	185002					
	17	90°	151001					
	18	0°	191000					
	34	0°	2141000					
	35	-45°	2131000					
	36	45°	2121000					

PCOMPG	2	0.0	90.	HILL	0.0	0.0
121000	101	.125	45.	YES		
131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
181001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
2181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2181001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
2111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
2141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2121000	101	.125	45.	YES		

PCOMPG	3	0.0	90.	HILL	0.0	0.
121000	101	.125	45.	YES		
131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
181001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
162001	101	.125	45.	YES		
172001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
182001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
2182001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2172001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2162001	101	.125	45.	YES		
2181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
2111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
2141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2121000	101	.125	45.	YES		

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1

Review New Entries

2

PCOMPG	2	0.0	90.	HILL	0.0	0.0
121000	101	.125	45.	YES		
131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
181001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2191000	501	3.175	0.0	YES		
2151001	101	.125	90.	YES		
2181002	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2181001	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
2111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
2141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
2131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
2121000	101	.125	45.	YES		



PCOMPG	3	0.0	90.	HILL	0.0	0.0
121000	101	.125	45.	YES		
131000	101	.125	-45.	YES		
141000	101	.125	0.0	YES		
111000	101	.125	90.	YES		
161001	101	.125	45.	YES		
171001	101	.125	-45.	YES		



A

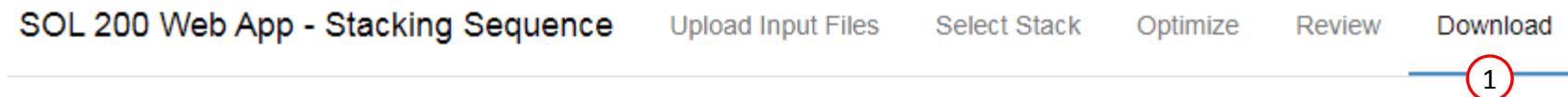
Review Updated PCOMPG Entries

1. Click Review
2. The PCOMPG entries have been updated to use the newest optimized stacking sequence

- A. If there is a need to reject the updated PCOMPG entries, click the Remove buttons to reject the new PCOMPG entries.

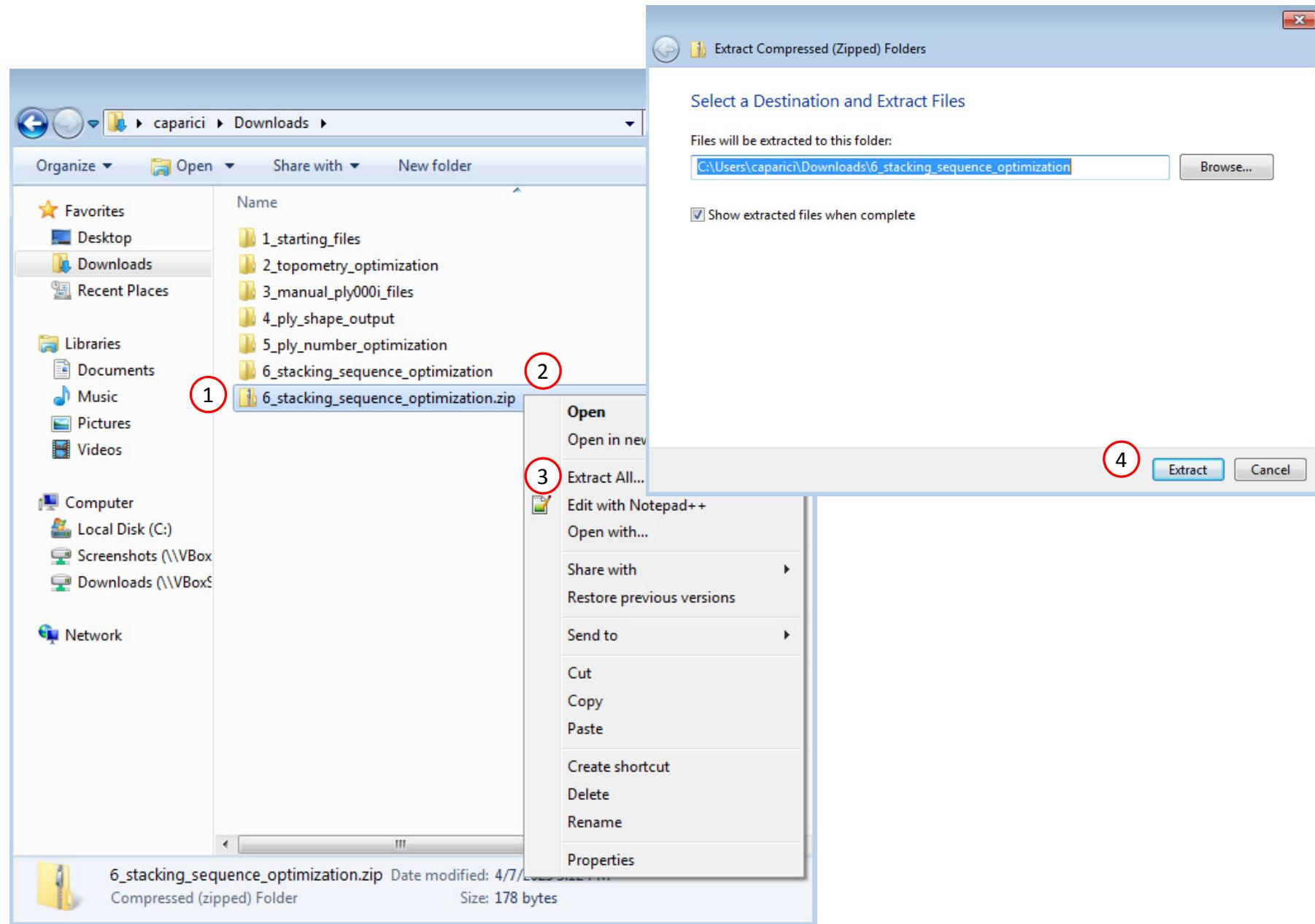
Download New BDF Files

1. Click Download
2. Click Download BDF Files



Extract the ZIP

1. Rename the downloaded ZIP to 6_stacking_sequence.zip
2. Right click on the ZIP file
3. Click Extract All
4. Click Extract



Edit Starting File

1. Take note of the URL address used
2. Navigate to the directory 6_stacking_sequence_optimization
3. Open this file in a text editor: design_model.bdf
4. Navigate to the line start with this text: \$ urlUsed
5. Ensure the URL address is the same as the URL from step 1
6. Save the changes to the text file (not shown)

A. If the URL address in the BDF file is not accessible, the indicated error message will appear and is not desired. The starting BDF files may have been created separately in a different network, so the URL address in the BDF file may be different from the URL you are using. The URL address must be edited to match your URL address.

The screenshot illustrates the steps to edit a BDF file:

1. URL address in the browser: 192.168.56.109:8080/optimization/
2. File Explorer window showing the directory 6_stacking_sequence_optimization.
3. design_model.bdf file selected in the file list.
4. Line 370 in the text editor: \$ urlUsed: http://192.168.56.1:8080/optimization/
5. The URL in the BDF file is highlighted in red, indicating it needs to be changed to match the current URL (192.168.56.109:8080/optimization/).

Before:

```
367  $ 1 || 2 || 3 || 4 || 5 || 6 || 7 || 8 || 9 || 10 ||
368  $ Parameter to create the H5 result file. Supported in MSC Nastran 2022.2 or newer
369  HDF5OUT PRCISION 32      CMPPRMTHD LZ4      LEVEL  5
370  $ urlUsed: http://192.168.56.1:8080/optimization/
371  $Parameter - Exit optimization after design constraint evaluation and screening.
372  PARAM    OPTEXIT 3
```

After:

```
367  $ 1 || 2 || 3 || 4 || 5 || 6 || 7 || 8 || 9 || 10 ||
368  $ Parameter to create the H5 result file. Supported in MSC Nastran 2022.2 or newer
369  HDF5OUT PRCISION 32      CMPPRMTHD LZ4      LEVEL  5
370  $ urlUsed: http://192.168.56.109:8080/optimization/
371  $Parameter - Exit optimization after design constraint evaluation and screening.
372  PARAM    OPTEXIT 3
```

SOL 200 Web App Alert

The web app is not accessible at the following address:
http://192.168.56.1:8080/optimization/

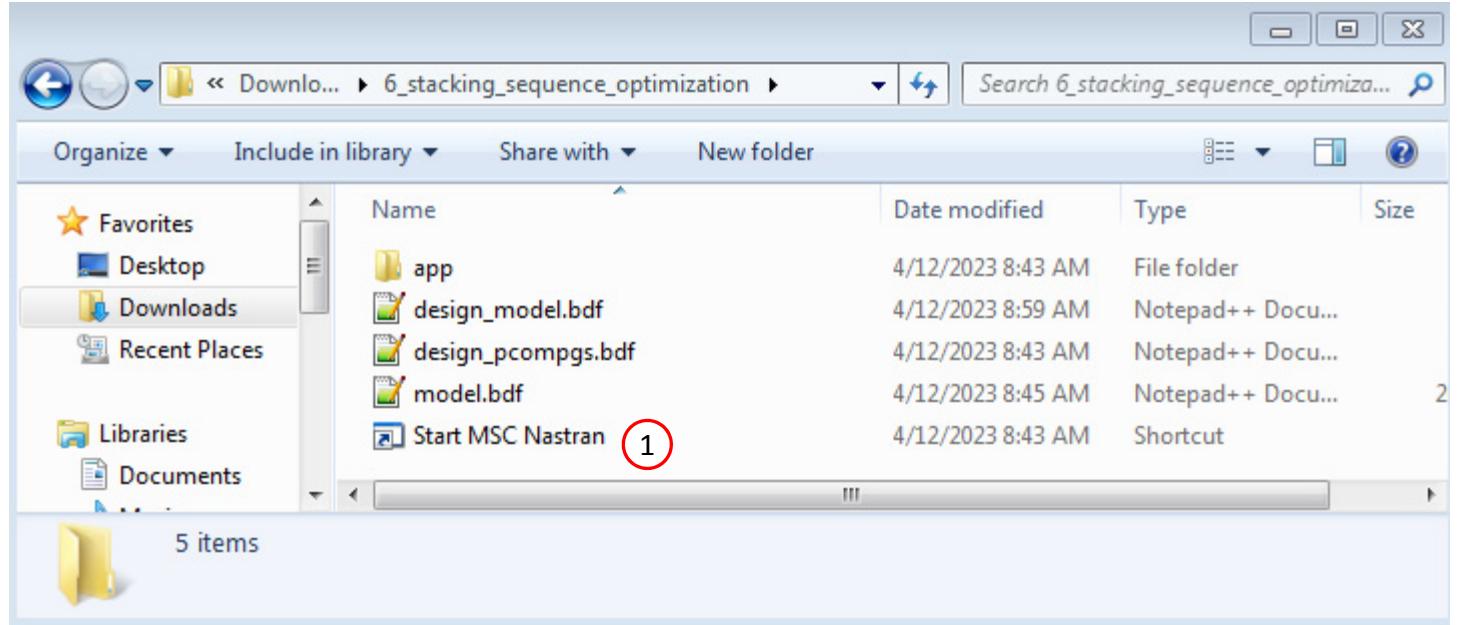
The process cannot start.
Either this machine has lost network connection, the web app is down or the connection is too slow.

OK

A

Start MSC Nastran

1. Click Start MSC Nastran



Status

1. A Status page displays the progress of the optimization

SOL 200 Web App - Status 1

 Python  MSC Nastran

Status

Name	Status of Job	Design Cycle	RUN TERMINATED DUE TO
model.bdf	Finished	INITIAL	 PARAMETER OPTEXIT

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Review Optimization Results

1. Only one MSC Nastran analysis was performed, no optimization was performed. The goal of this MSC Nastran run was to confirm the newest stack of plies yields a design that still satisfies the failure index constraints.
2. The max normalized constraint is negative and confirms the new stack does satisfy the design constraints.

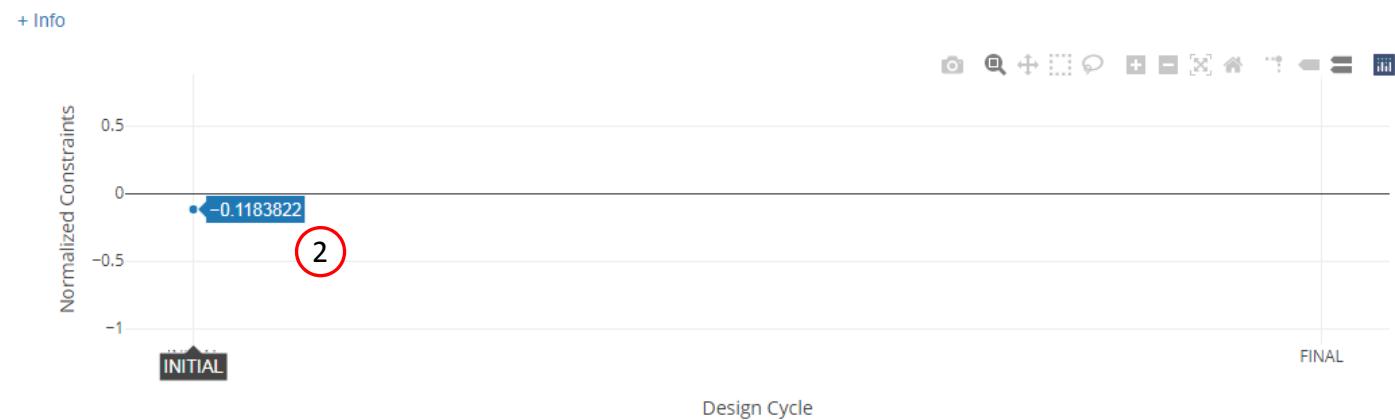
Final Message in .f06

RUN TERMINATED DUE TO PARAMETER OPTEXIT = 3.

Objective



Normalized Constraints

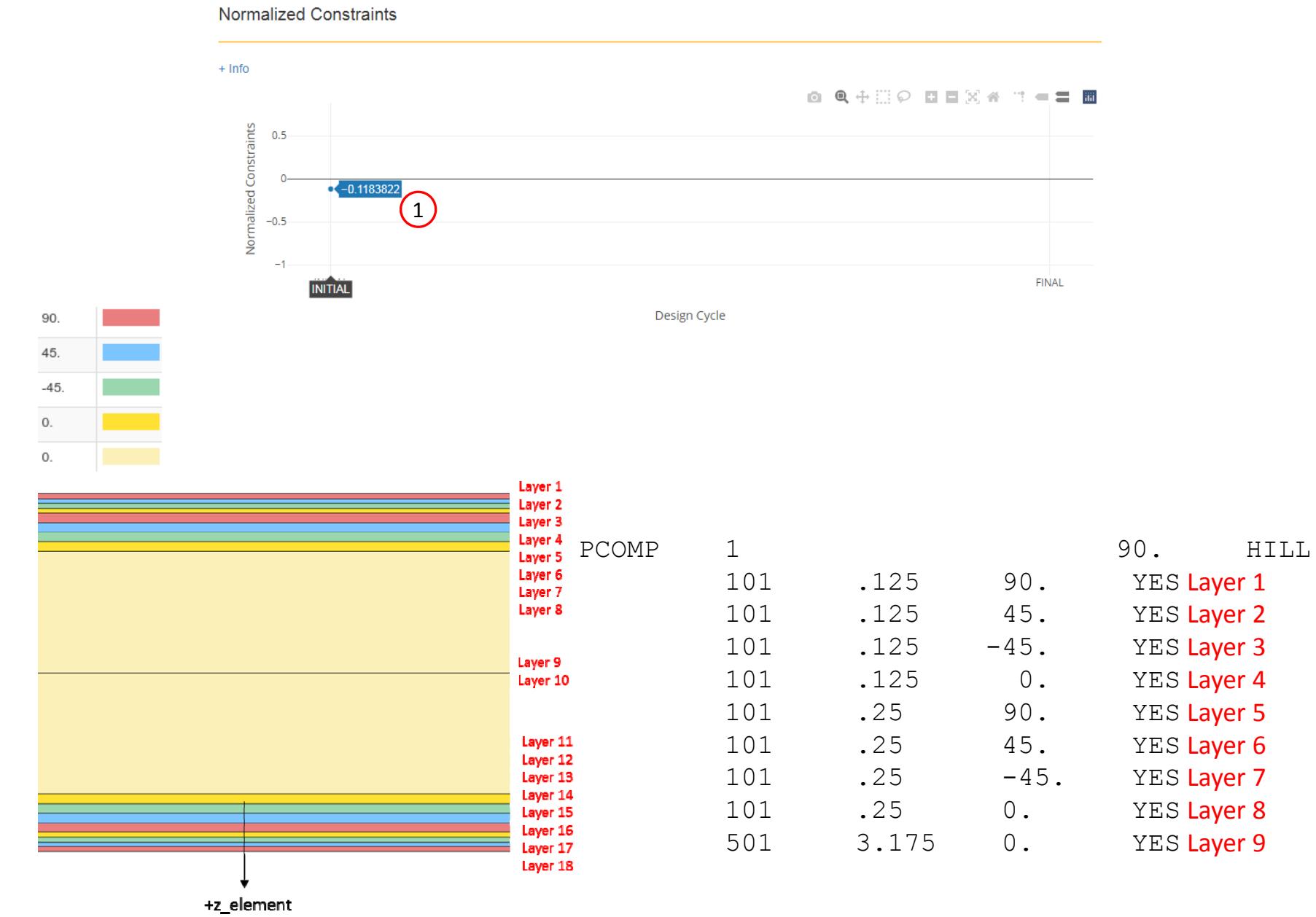


Review Optimization Results

- The max normalized constraint is ~-.118, indicating the updated composite design still satisfies all the constraints.

If the max normalized constraint is positive, indicating a design constraint is violated, this may be due to the following reason.

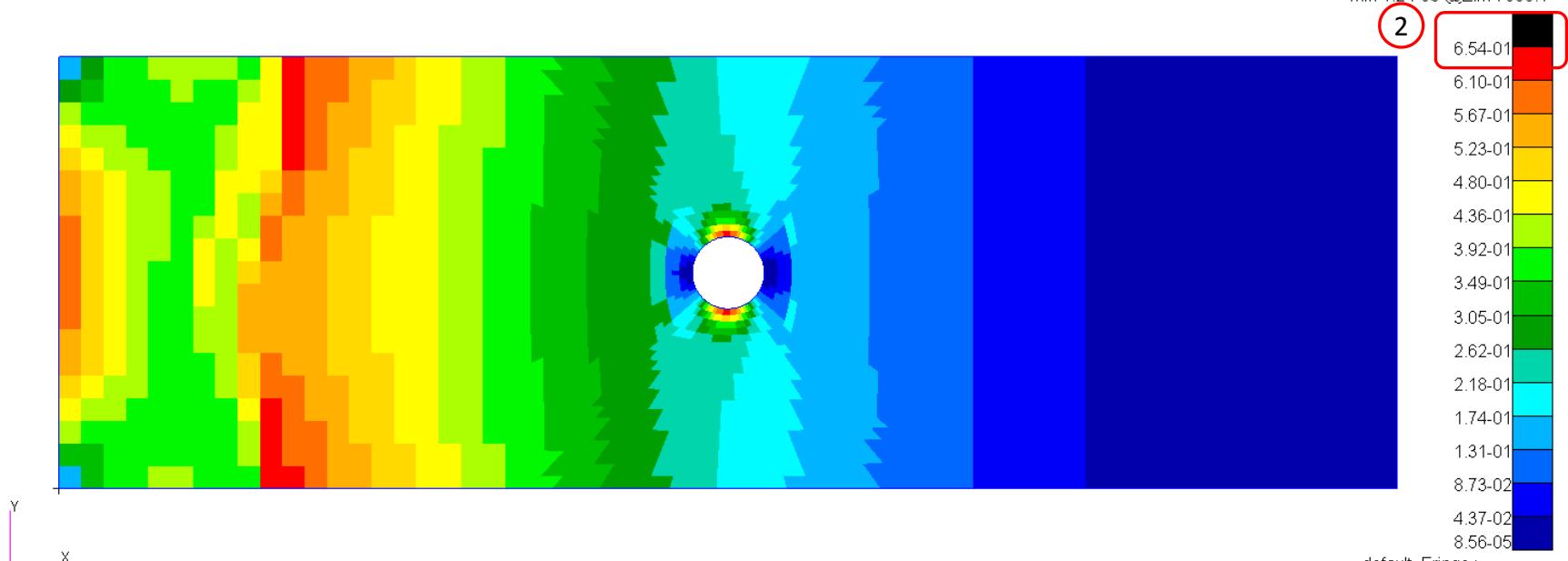
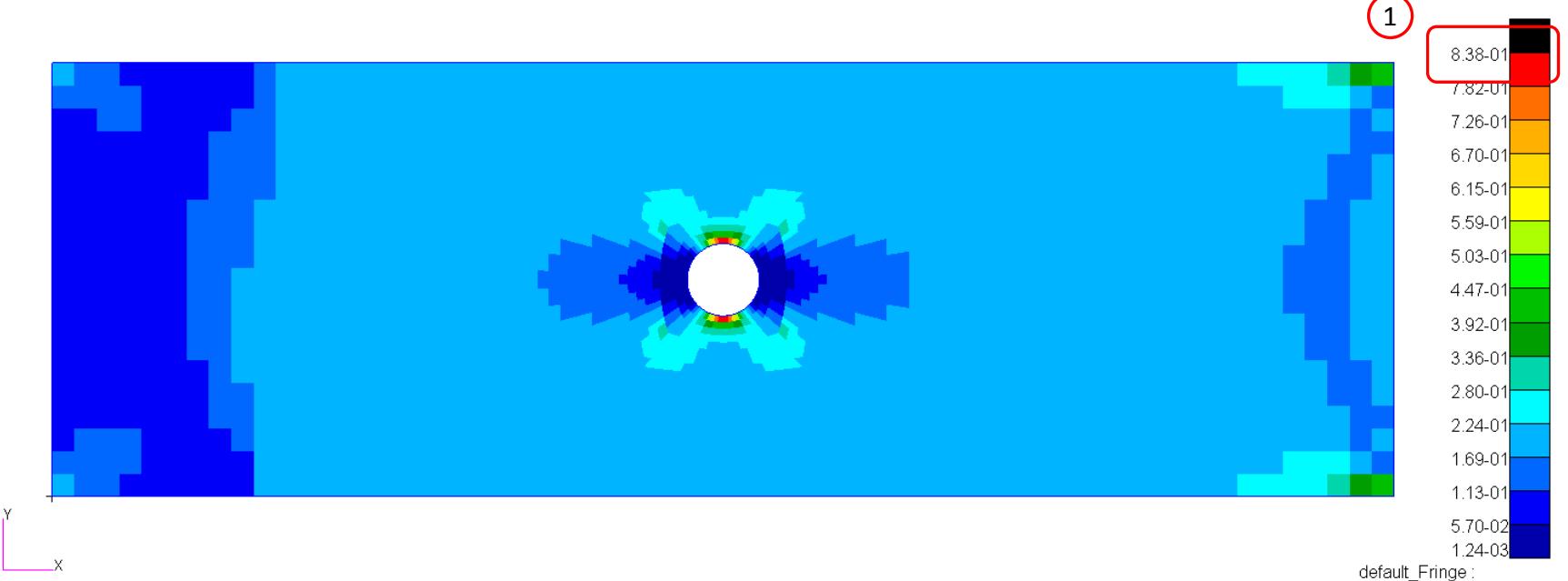
- Suppose the original composite defined via the PCOMP entry had the 0° ply as the outer most layer. During a stacking sequence optimization, the 0° plies will be moved throughout the thickness of the composite, which may reduce the stiffness of the composite. In this tutorial, the 0° ply is purposely placed as the 8th layer, not 5th layer. When the stacking sequence optimization is performed and the 0° plies, which were initially on the 5th layer, are moved throughout the composite, the stiffness is increased.
- For responses that depend on stacking sequence order, such as bending, buckling or natural frequencies, it is advised the starting PCOMP NOT have the 0° ply towards the surface of the composite. Move the 0° ply towards the midplane, as was done in this tutorial.



Inspect the Newest Failure Indices

Patran is used to confirm the maximum failure index is within the upper allowed limit of .95

1. For subcase 1, the maximum failure index across all plies is .838. This value is OK.
2. For subcase 2, the maximum failure index across all plies is .654. This value is OK.



Summary of Optimized Designs

A comparison is made between the starting and final composite designs from Phase D and E. Observe the following:

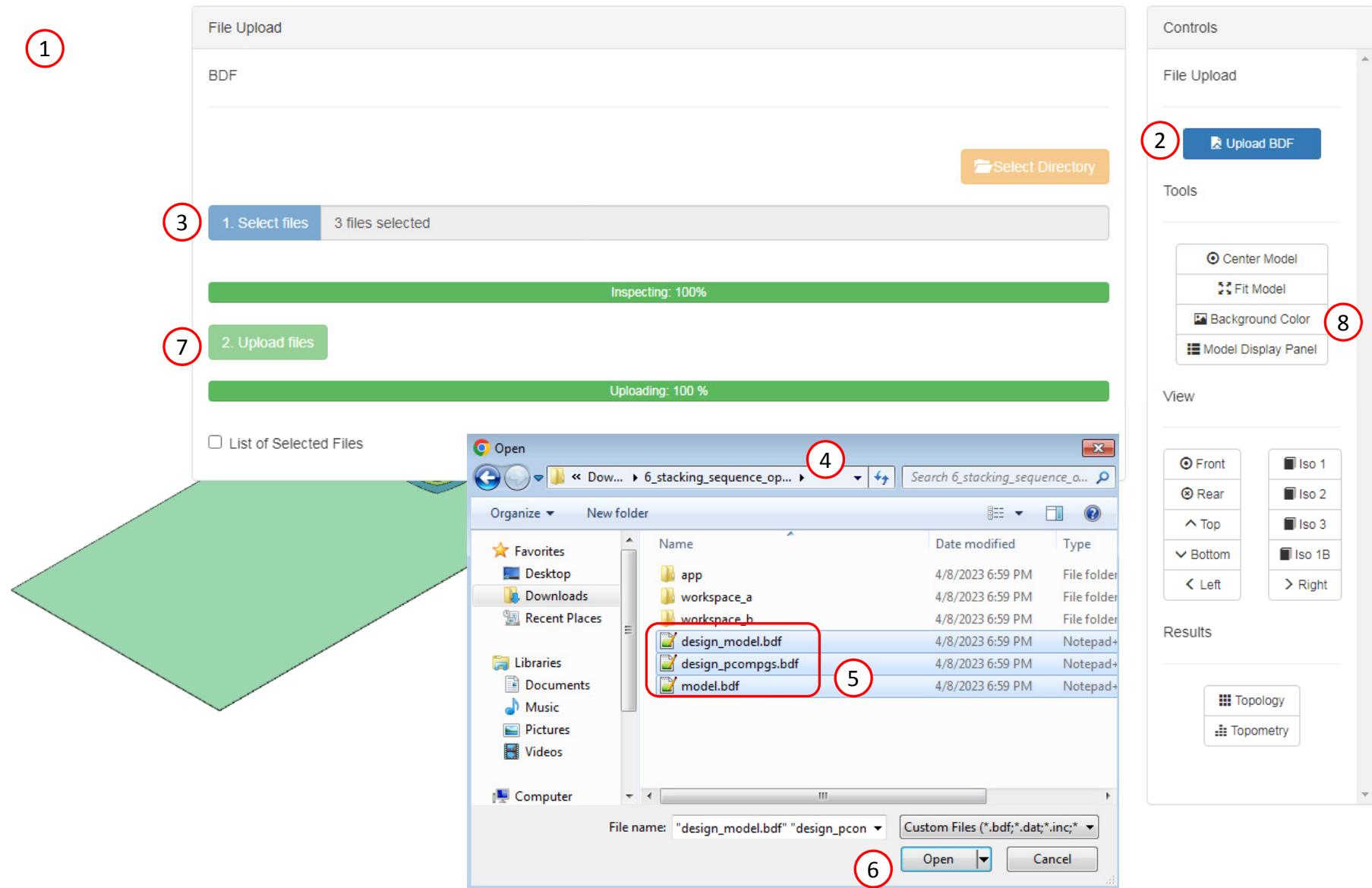
1. ~21% mass savings. The mass of the plies was reduced from 2.229851E-05 to 1.76E-05.
2. For the final composite, after stacking sequence optimization, the maximum failure index is .838 and is well under the upper allowed limit of .95.

The ply shape, ply number and stacking sequence optimization has been a success.

	Starting Design	Design After Ply Shape and Ply Number Optimization	Design After Stacking Sequence Optimization
	Tutorial Phase B	Tutorial Phase D	Tutorial Phase E
Total Mass	2.825148E-05	2.356787E-05	2.356787E-05
Mass of Non-design Region (Core)	5.952966E-06	5.952966E-06	5.952966E-06
Mass of Design Region (Plies)	2.229851E-05	1.76E-05	1.76E-05
Max Failure Index , Subcase 1	.905 (OK)	.838 (OK)	.838 (OK)
Max Failure Index, Subcase 2	.934 (OK)	.856 (OK)	.654 (OK)

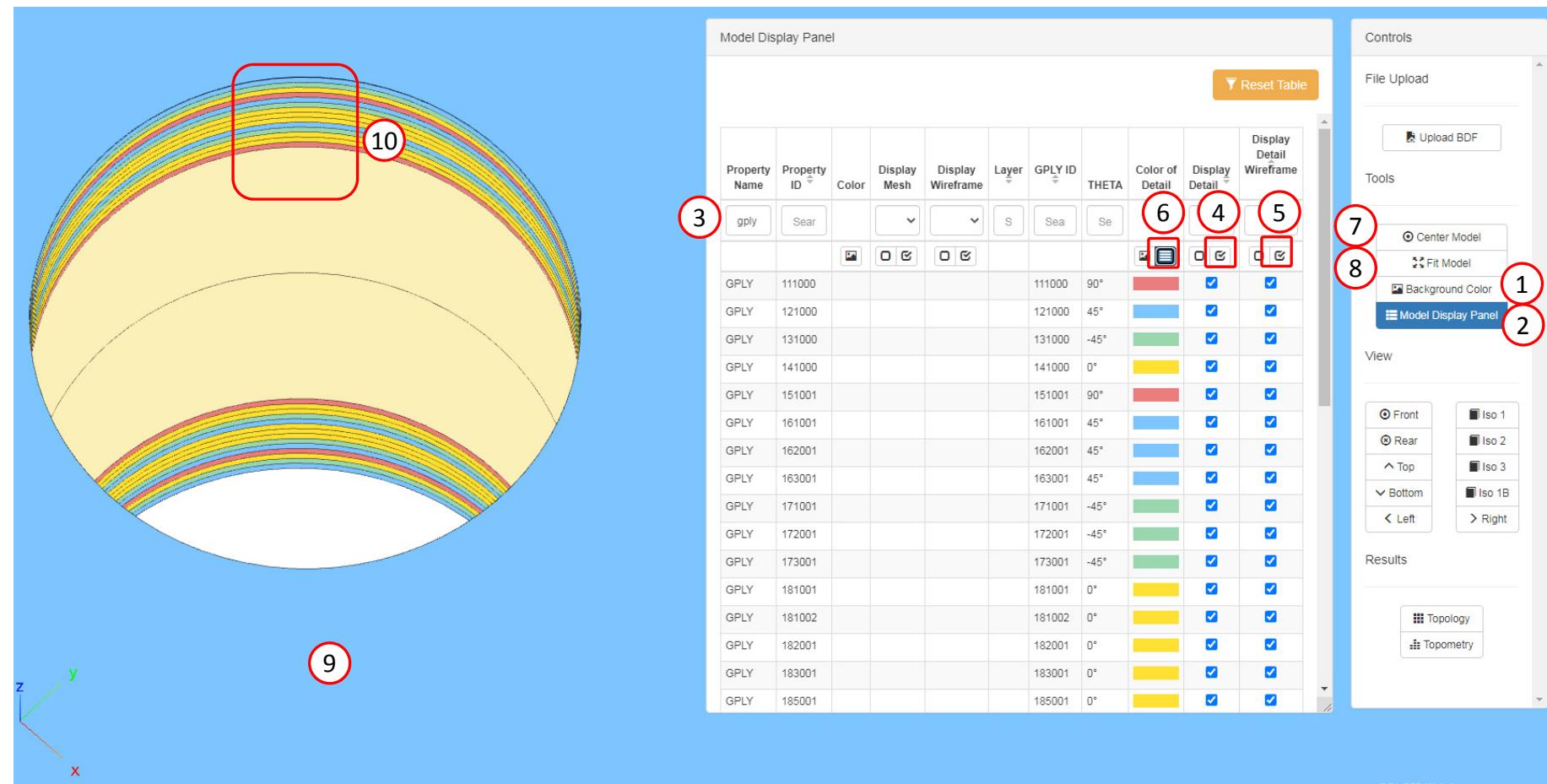
Inspect the Newest Composite

1. Open a new Viewer session
2. Click Upload BDF
3. Click Select files
4. Navigate to directory 6_stacking_sequence
5. Select the indicated files
6. Click Open
7. Click Upload files
8. Click Background Color (Optional)



Inspect the Newest Composite

1. Click Background Color
2. Click Model Display Panel
3. For the Property Name column, search the table for “gply”
4. Click the indicated button to display the ply thicknesses
5. Click the indicated button to display the wireframes
6. Click the indicated button to color the plies according to THETA
7. Click Center Model
8. Click Fit Model
9. Click and hold the right mouse button and move the mouse to translate the model. Click and hold the left mouse button and move the mouse to rotate the model.
10. Notice that the plies reflect the new stacking sequence.

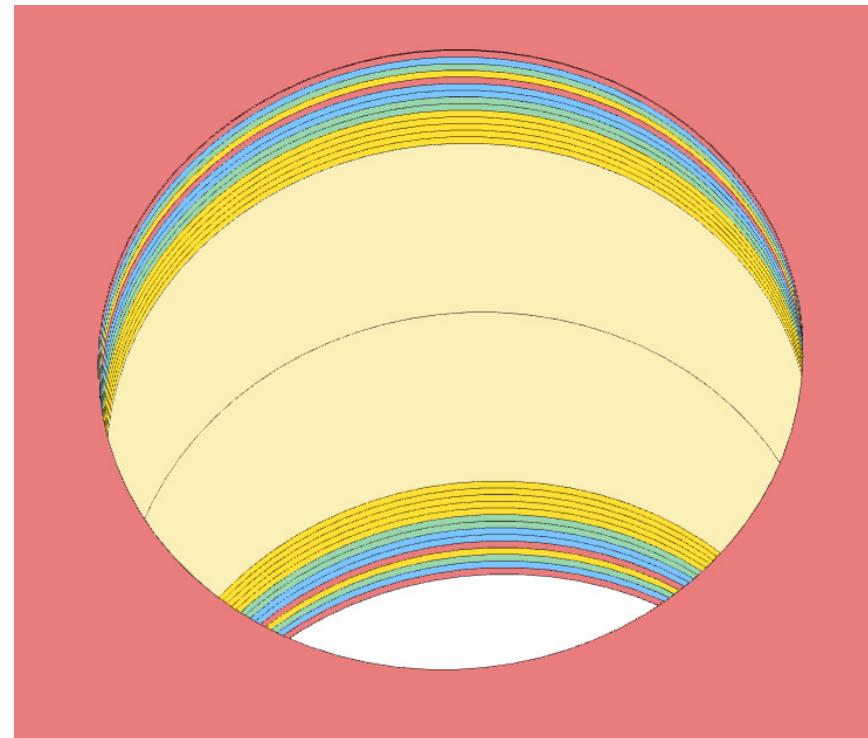


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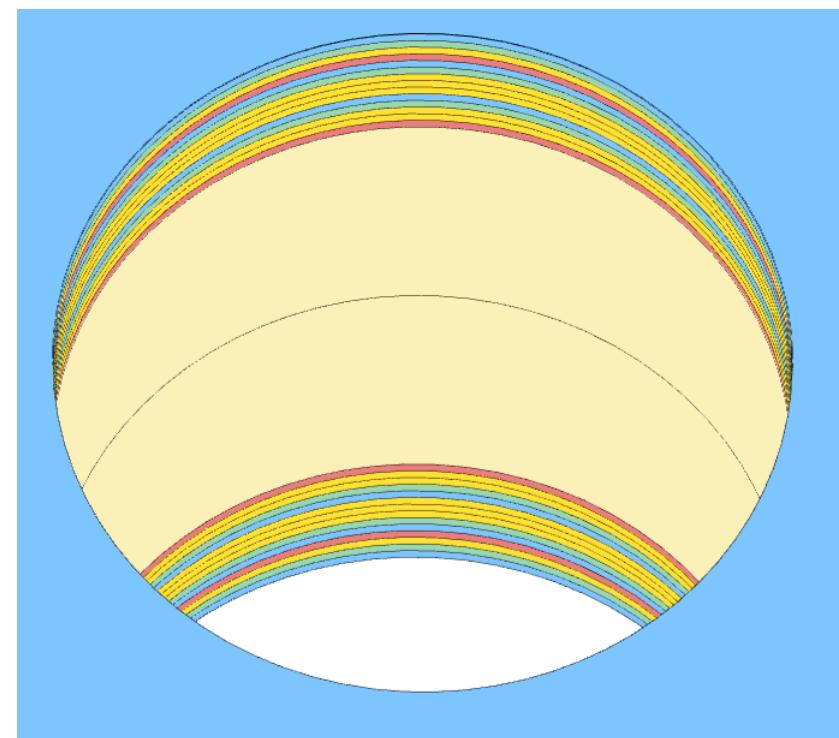
Inspect the Newest Composite

A comparison is shown of the plies before and after stacking sequence optimization

Before



After



90
45
-45
0
0 (Core)

Export of Ply Table for Catia Composite Design

Open the Correct Page

1. Click on the indicated link

- MSC Nastran can perform many optimization types. The SOL 200 Web App includes dedicated web apps for the following:
 - Optimization for SOL 200 (Size, Topology, Topometry, Topography, Local Optimization, Sensitivity Analysis and Global Optimization)
 - Multi Model Optimization
 - Machine Learning
- The web app also features the HDF5 Explorer, a web application to extract results from the H5 file type.

The Engineering Lab

The SOL 200 Web App interface features a central title "SOL 200 Web App" and a subtitle "Select a web app to begin". Below the subtitle are five square icons, each representing a different web application:

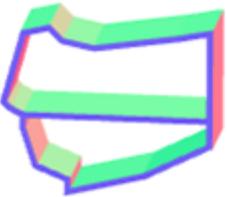
- Optimization for SOL 200:** Shows a 3D model of a mechanical part labeled "Before" and "After" with a grid overlay.
- Multi Model Optimization:** Shows a 3D model being transformed into a more complex shape with arrows indicating the process.
- Machine Learning | Parameter Study:** Shows two 2D plots of data series.
- HDF5 Explorer:** Shows a 3D heatmap visualization of data.
- Viewer:** Shows a 3D cube with a color gradient.

At the bottom left, there is a red circle with the number "1" and a red-bordered button labeled "Full list of web apps". A grey callout bubble points to this button with the text "Tutorials and User's Guide".

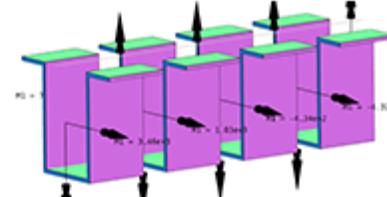
Open the Stacking Sequence Web App

1. Navigate to the Composites section
2. Click Stacking Sequence

Beams



PBMSECT



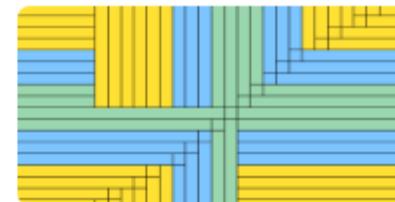
Beams Viewer

① Composites

ply	Thickness (")	OPLY ID
1	.40	1219001
2	.40	1319001
3	0	1419001
4	.30	1119001
5	0	1419002
6	.90	1519001
7	0	1419003
8	.40	1219002
9	.40	1319002

Stacking Sequence

②



Viewer (.des, .ply000i)

Upload Files

1. Click Select files
2. Navigate to 6_stacking_sequence_optimization
3. Select the indicated files
4. Click Open
5. Click Upload files

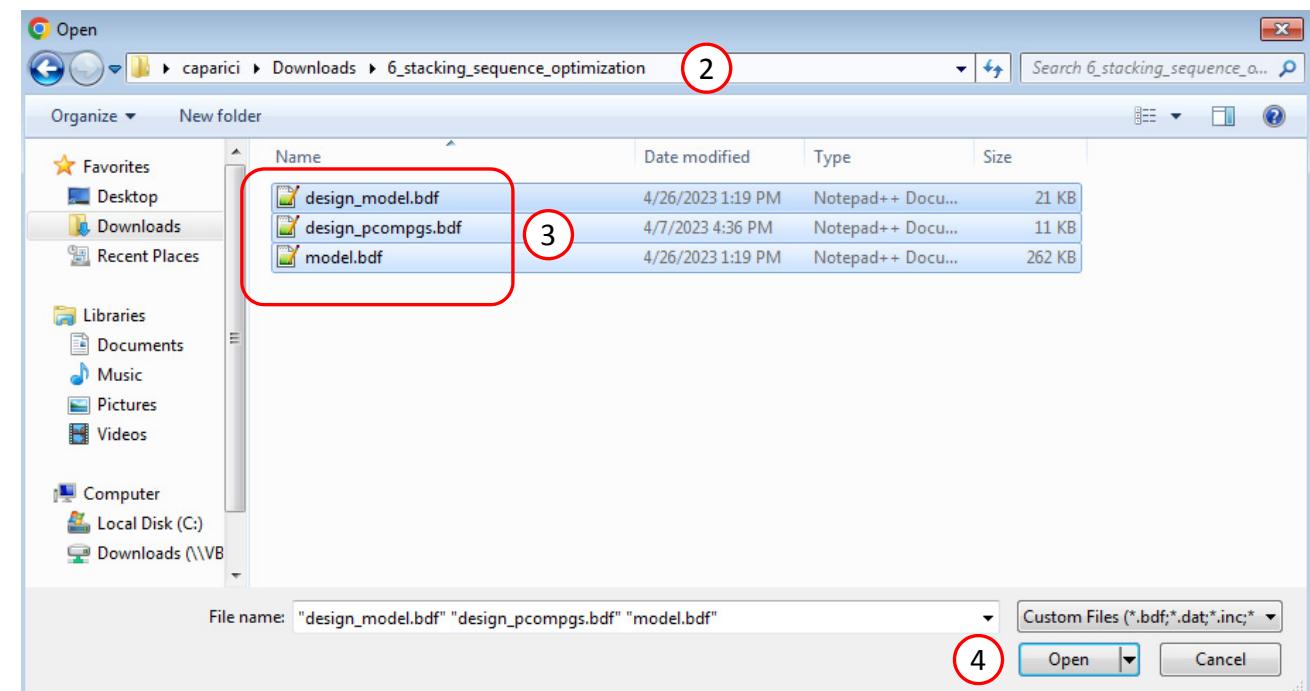
Upload Input Files

1 1. Select files 3 files selected

Inspecting: 100%

2 2. Upload files

Uploading: 100 %



1

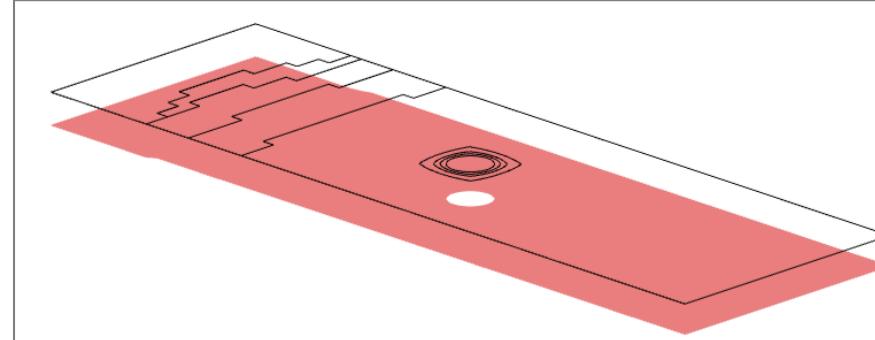
Select a Stack

1. Click Select Stack
2. Select Multiple Stacks
3. Select GPLY 111000

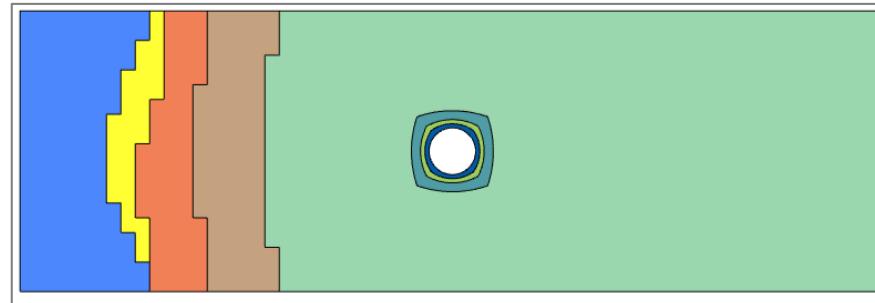
Why is GPLY 111000 selected?

- GPLY 111000 is used by PCOMPG 2-7 and is used by the entire model.
- GPLY 181001 is only used by PCOMPG 3 and covers only a small portion of the model.
- When you select a GPLY, all the associated PCOMPGs are loaded and updated after the stacking sequence optimization. If GPLY 181001 is selected, only PCOMPG 3 is loaded and updated by stacking sequence optimization. Since GPLY 111000 is selected, all PCOMPGs are loaded and updated by the stacking sequence optimization.

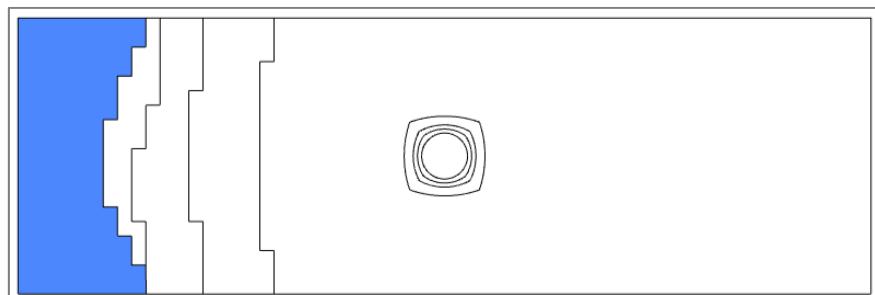
GPLY 111000



PCOMPG 2-9



PCOMPG 3



Select Stack

1) Stack Option

Single Stack - Single PCOMP or PCOMPG Entry
Multiple Stacks - GPLY and Corresponding PCOMPG Entries

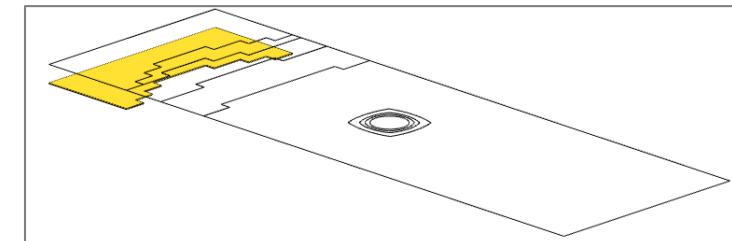
2

2) GPLY ID

GPLY 111000
GPLY 121000
GPLY 131000
GPLY 141000
GPLY 151001
GPLY 161001
GPLY 163001
GPLY 171001
GPLY 173001
GPLY 181001
GPLY 181002
GPLY 183001
GPLY 184001
GPLY 184002
GPLY 191000
GPLY 2111000
GPLY 2121000
GPLY 2131000
GPLY 2141000
GPLY 2151001
GPLY 2161001

3

GPLY 181001



Inspect the Stack

1. Click Optimize
2. Scroll to the Stack section

The following steps change the appearance of the Stack table.

3. Click Display Additional Columns
4. Click Toggle Display of Plies

5. Click Compact Mode

Note that there are 6 PCOMPG columns.

6. Click Output Ply Table to download a `ply_table.csv` file

1
SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack **Optimize** Review Download

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
 Output Ply Table
 Compact Mode
 Toggle Display of Plies
 Display Additional Columns
 Save

Stack **2**
6
5
4
3

Property	MAIN						PCOMPG 2	PCOMPG 3	PCOMPG 4	PCOMPG 5	PCOMPG 6	PC
	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry						
Stack	1	45°	121000			<input type="checkbox"/>	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	2	-45°	131000			<input type="checkbox"/>	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	3	0°	141000			<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	4	90°	111000			<input type="checkbox"/>	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	5	45°	161001			<input type="checkbox"/>	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	6	-45°	171001			<input type="checkbox"/>	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	7	0°	181001			<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	8	0°	181002			<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	9	45°	162001			<input type="checkbox"/>		45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	10	-45°	172001			<input type="checkbox"/>		-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	11	0°	182001			<input type="checkbox"/>		0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	12	0°	183001			<input type="checkbox"/>						
	13	45°	163001			<input type="checkbox"/>						
	14	-45°	173001			<input type="checkbox"/>						
	15	0°	185001			<input type="checkbox"/>						
	16	0°	185002			<input type="checkbox"/>						
	17	90°	151001			<input type="checkbox"/>	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	18	0°	191000			<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	19	0°	2191000			<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°

Ply Table for Catia Composite Design

1. Open ply_table.csv in Excel

The web app has no access to the Catia database. Consequently, none of the information from the Catia database is available to the web app, so the CSV file will have some columns with empty values. The CSV file must be manually updated to use the same names as defined in the Catia database.

2. An example is shown to illustrate one possibility of how the CSV file is updated to use names defined in the Catia database.
3. Save the CSV file as an XLS file (not shown). The new XLS file may now be imported to Catia Composite Design.

Since the stack had 8 PCOMPG entries (PCOMPG 2, 3, ... 9), the CSV file has 6 Plies Groups: Plies Group.2, Plies Group.3, ..., Plies Group.7.

4. The Ply names are in the following format: Ply.GPLYID_PCOMPGID. For example, Ply.161001_3 corresponds to the ply for GPLY ID 161001 for PCOMPG 3. A core layer has the format Core.GPLYID_PCOMPGID.

ply_table.csv - Excel

ply_table.csv - Excel

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PlyGroup	Sequence	Ply	Material	Direction	Rosette	Surface	Draping	Ply ID
1	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				1
2	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				2
3	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				3
4	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	90				4
5	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				5
6	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				6
7	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				7
8	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				8
9	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				9
10	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	90				10
11	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.501	0				11
12	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.501	0				12
13	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	90				13
14	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				14
15	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				15
16	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				16
17	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				17
18	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	90				18
19	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				19
20	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				20
21	PlyGroup.2	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				21
22	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				22
23	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				23
24	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				24
25	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	90				25
26	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				26
27	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				27
28	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				28
29	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	0				29
30	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	45				30
31	PlyGroup.3	Sequence.1	MID.101	-45				31

End of Tutorial

Appendix

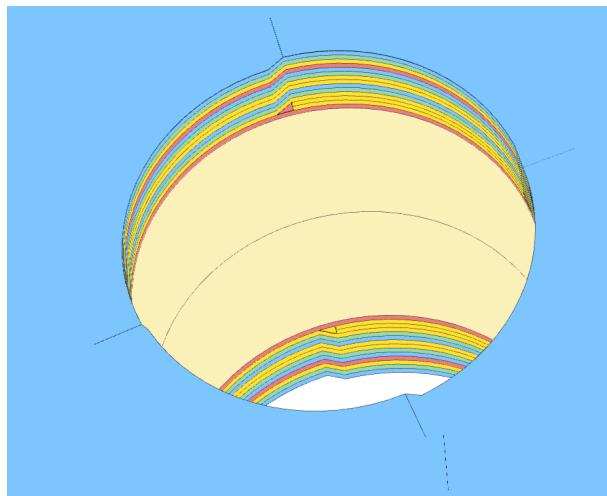
Appendix Contents

- Options - Stacking Sequence Optimization

Options - Stacking Sequence Optimization

Capabilities - Stacking Sequence Optimization

- Pair $\pm\theta$ plies
- Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies
- Maximum Allowed Angle Difference
- Force Homogenous Stacking
- Update of multiple PCOMPGs



SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence [Upload Input Files](#) [Select Stack](#) [Optimize](#) [Review](#) [Download](#)

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

[Output Ply Table](#) [Compact Mode](#) [Toggle Display of Plies](#) [Display Additional Columns](#) [Save New Entries](#) [Perform Optimization](#)

Stack

Property	MAIN						PCOMPG 2	PCOMPG 3	PCOMPG 4	PCOMPG 5	PCOMPG 6	PCOMPG 7
	Stack	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply						
Legend	90°	45°	-45°	0°								
Stack	1	45°	121000				<input type="checkbox"/>	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	2	-45°	131000				<input type="checkbox"/>	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	3	0°	141000				<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	4	90°	111000				<input type="checkbox"/>	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	5	90°	151001				<input type="checkbox"/>	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
	6	45°	161001				<input type="checkbox"/>	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	7	45°	163001				<input type="checkbox"/>					
	8	-45°	171001				<input type="checkbox"/>	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	9	-45°	173001				<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	10	0°	181001				<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	11	0°	181002				<input type="checkbox"/>					
	12	0°	183001				<input type="checkbox"/>					
	13	0°	184001				<input type="checkbox"/>					
	14	0°	184002				<input type="checkbox"/>					
	15	0°	191000				<input type="checkbox"/>	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	16	0°	2191000					0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	17	0°	2184002					0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	18	0°	2184001					0°	0°	0°	0°	0°

Available Manufacturing Constraints for Stacking Sequence Optimization

1. Symmetry
2. Maximum Allowed Angle Difference
3. Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies
4. Homogeneous Constraint (Minimum of M θ° Plies Per N Plies)
5. Pairing
6. Perform Optimization

SOL 200 Web App - Stacking Sequence Upload Input Files Select Stack **Optimize** Review Download User's Guide Home

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Toggle Display of Plies Display Additional Columns Save New Entries **Perform Optimization** 6

Configure Manufacturing Constraints

Constraints are applicable only to the main stack.

Use Symmetry 1

Adjacent Ply Constraints

Maximum Allowed Angle Difference 2

Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies

Theta	Max.
-45	
0	3
45	
90	1

Minimum of M θ° Plies Per N Plies

Theta	M	N
-45	1	
0	1	
45	1	4
90	1	

Pairing

Theta	Pair	Pairing Option
45	No 5	Not Used

M and N are both required to apply this constraint.

Pairing

- Pair angles
 1. SAME – Same order of signs
 2. REVERSE – Alternating signs
- Pair arbitrary angles, e.g. $\pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm 45, \dots, \pm 60$, etc.

Before

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	45°	1
2	45°	2
3	-45°	5
4	-45°	6
5	60°	9
6	60°	10
7	-60°	13
8	-60°	14
9	-60°	16
10	-60°	15
11	60°	12
12	60°	11
13	-45°	8
14	-45°	7
15	45°	4
16	45°	3

After

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	45°	1
2	-45°	5
3	45°	2
4	-45°	6
5	60°	9
6	-60°	13
7	-60°	14
8	60°	10
9	60°	12
10	-60°	16
11	-60°	15
12	60°	11
13	-45°	8
14	45°	4
15	-45°	7
16	45°	

Pairing

Theta	Pair	Pairing Option
45	Yes	SAME
60	Yes	REVERSE

Maximum Consecutive Plies

This option limits the number of consecutive plies.

Before

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	0°	1
2	0°	2
3	0°	3
4	0°	4
5	0°	5
6	0°	6
7	90°	7
8	90°	8
9	90°	9
10	90°	10
11	90°	11
12	90°	12
13	90°	13

No more than 1 consecutive 90-degree plies

After

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	90°	13
2	0°	3
3	90°	8
4	0°	2
5	90°	9
6	0°	5
7	90°	10
8	0°	6
9	90°	12
10	0°	4
11	90°	7
12	0°	1
13	90°	11

No more than 2 consecutive 90-degree plies

After

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	90°	10
2	0°	1
3	90°	7
4	90°	13
5	0°	2
6	0°	5
7	0°	3
8	90°	12
9	90°	11
10	0°	6
11	90°	8
12	0°	4
13	90°	9

Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies

Theta	Max.
0	
90	1

Maximum Number of Consecutive Plies

Theta	Max.
0	
90	2

Homogenous Constraint

Obtain close to homogenous stack

1. In this example, the 90-degree ply is constrained to appear once every 4 plies

Before			After		
Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	90°	1	1	90°	1
2	90°	2	2	0°	8
3	90°	3	3	0°	9
4	0°	4	4	0°	4
5	0°	5	5	90°	2
6	0°	6	6	0°	5
7	0°	7	7	0°	6
8	0°	8	8	0°	7
9	0°	9	9	90°	3
10	0°	10	10	0°	10
11	0°	11	11	0°	11
12	0°	12	12	0°	12

Minimum of M 0° Plies Per N Plies		
Theta	M	N
0	1	
90	1	4

Maximum Allowable Angle Difference Between Adjacent Plies

This option allows you to limit adjacent plies to be within a specified angle difference.

- In this example, the maximum allowed angle difference between adjacent plies is 5.0. The optimizer yields a stacking sequence that honors this manufacturing constraint.

Before

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	5°	1
2	10°	2
3	20°	3
4	30°	4
5	40°	5
6	15°	6
7	25°	7
8	35°	8
9	45°	9
10	0°	10

After

Ply	Theta	GPLY ID
1	45°	9
2	40°	5
3	35°	8
4	30°	4
5	25°	7
6	20°	3
7	15°	6
8	10°	2
9	5°	1
10	0°	10

45 - 0 = 45 $\not\leq 5$ (NOT OK)

All $\Delta\theta_{0i, \theta_{i-1}} \leq 5$ (OK)

Adjacent Ply Constraints

Maximum Allowed Angle Difference

5

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Output Ply Table

Display Additional Columns

Save New Entries

Perform Optimization

Stack

Ply Controls

1. Move plies manually
2. Fix plies
3. Fix core
4. Enforce symmetry (Not shown)

Property		MAIN					
Stack		Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry
		1	45°	121000			<input type="checkbox"/>
		2	-45°	131000			<input type="checkbox"/>
		3	0°	141000			<input type="checkbox"/>
		4	90°	111000			<input type="checkbox"/>
		5	90°	151001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		6	45°	161001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		7	45°	163001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		8	-45°	171001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		9	-45°	173001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		10	0°	181001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		11	0°	181002			<input type="checkbox"/>
		12	0°	183001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		13	0°	184001			<input type="checkbox"/>
		14	0°	184002			<input type="checkbox"/>
		15	0°	191000			<input type="checkbox"/>
		16	0°	2191000			<input type="checkbox"/>

Optimizing stacking sequence for PCOMPG 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

 Output Ply Table Compact Mode Toggle Display of Plies Display Additional Columns Save New Entries Perform Optimization

Stack

Property	MAIN						PCOMPG 2	PCOMPG 3	PCOMPG 4	PCOMPG 5	PCOMPG 6	PCOMPG 7
	Ply	Theta	GPLY ID	Move Ply	Fix Ply	Ignore Ply in Symmetry						
Stack	1	45°	121000				45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
	2	-45°	131000				-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
Legend	3	0°	141000				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
90°	4	90°	111000				90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
45°	5	90°	151001				90°	90°	90°	90°	90°	90°
-45°	6	45°	161001				45°	45°	45°	45°	45°	45°
0°	7	45°	163001									
0° (Core)	8	-45°	171001				-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°	-45°
	9	-45°	173001									
	10	0°	181001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	11	0°	181002				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	12	0°	183001									
	13	0°	184001									
	14	0°	184002									
	15	0°	191000				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	16	0°	2191000				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	17	0°	2184002				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°
	18	0°	2184001				0°	0°	0°	0°	0°	0°

